

SG250HX

PV Grid-Connected Inverter User Manual



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About This Manual

The manual mainly describes the product information, guidelines for installation, operation and maintenance. The manual cannot include complete information about the photovoltaic (PV) system. You can get additional information about other devices at **www. sungrowpower. com** or on the webpage of the respective component manufacturer.

Validity

This manual is valid for the following inverter types:

SG250HX

They will be referred to as "inverter" hereinafter unless otherwise specified.

Target Group

This manual is intended for:

- qualified personnel who are responsible for the installation and commissioning of the inverter; and
- inverter owners who will have the ability to interact with the inverter.

How to Use This Manual

Read the manual and other related documents before performing any work on the inverter is carried out. Documents must be stored carefully and be available at all times. The contents of the manual will be periodically updated or revised due to the product development. It is probably that there are changes of manual in the subsequent inverter edition. The latest manual can be acquired via visiting the website at www.sungrowpower.com.

Symbols

Important instructions contained in this manual should be followed during installation, operation and maintenance of the inverter. They will be highlighted by the following symbols.

Symbol	Explanation	
▲ DANGER	Indicates a hazard with a high level of risk that, if not avoided, will	
DANGER	result in death or serious injury.	
▲ WARNING	Indicates a hazard with a medium level of risk that, if not avoided,	
	could result in death or serious injury.	
▲ CAUTION	Indicates a hazard with a low level of risk that, if not avoided, could	
CAUTION	result in minor or moderate injury.	

Symbol	Explanation	
NOTICE	Indicates a situation that, if not avoided, could result in equipment or	
	property damage.	
8	Indicates additional information, emphasized contents or tips that	
U	may be helpful, e.g. to help you solve problems or save time.	

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1 Safety

The inverter has been designed and tested strictly according to international safety regulations. Read all safety instructions carefully prior to any work and observe them at all times when working on or with the inverter.

Incorrect operation or work may cause:

- injury or death to the operator or a third party; or
- damage to the inverter and other property safety of the operator or a third party.

All detailed work-related safety warnings and notes will be specified at critical points in this manual.



The safety instructions in this manual cannot cover all the precautions that should be followed. Perform operations considering actual onsite conditions. SUNGROW shall not be held liable for any damage caused by violation of the safety instructions in this manual.

1.1 PV Panels

▲ DANGER

PV strings will produce electrical power when exposed to sunlight and can cause a lethal voltage and an electric shock.

- Always keep in mind that the inverter is dual power supplied. Electrical operators must wear proper personal protective equipment: helmet, insulated footwear, glove, etc.
- Before touching the DC cables, operator must use a measuring device to ensure that the cable is voltage-free.
- · Follow all warnings on the PV strings and in its manual.

1.2 Utility Grid

Please follow the regulations related to the utility grid.

1 Safety User Manual

NOTICE

All electrical connections must be in accordance with local and national standards

Only with the permission of the utility grid, the inverter can be connected to the utility grid.

1.3 Inverter

▲ DANGER

Danger to life from electric shocks due to live voltage

 Do not open the enclosure at any time. Unauthorized opening will void guarantee and warranty claims and in most cases terminate the operating license.

M WARNING

Risk of inverter damage or personal injury

- Do not pull out the PV connectors when the inverter is running.
- Wait at least 5 minutes for the internal capacitors to discharge. Ensure that there is no voltage or current before pulling any connector.

⚠ WARNING

All safety instructions, warning labels, and nameplate on the inverter:

- Must be clearly legible.
- Should not be removed or covered.

A CAUTION

Risk of burns due to hot components!

Do not touch any hot parts (such as heat sink) during operation. Only the DC switch can safely be touched at any time.

User Manual 1 Safety

NOTICE

Only qualified personnel can perform the country setting.

 Unauthorized alteration of the country setting may cause a breach of the type-certificate marking.

By touching the electronic components, you may damage the inverter. For inverter handling, be sure to:

- · avoid any unnecessary touching; and,
- · wear a grounding wristband before touching any connectors.

Warning Label

Label	Description
\wedge	Danger to life due to high voltages!
4	Only qualified personnel can open and service the inverter.
\triangle	Disconnect the inverter from all the external power sources before service!
4 () _{5 min}	Do not touch live parts until 5 minutes after disconnection from the power sources.
	There is a danger from a hot surface that may exceed 60 ° C.
	Check the user manual before service!

1.4 Skills of Qualified Personnel

All installations should be performed by qualified personnel. They should have:

- Training in the installation and commissioning of the electrical system, as well as the dealing with hazards
- Knowledge of the manual and other related documents
- Knowledge of the local regulations and directives

2 Product Introduction

2.1 Intended Usage

SG250HX, a transformerless three-phase PV grid-connected inverter, is an integral component in the PV power system.

The inverter is designed to convert the direct current power generated from the PV modules into grid-compatible AC current and feeds the AC current to the utility grid. The intended usage of the inverter is illustrated in "Figure 2-1 Inverter application in PV power system".

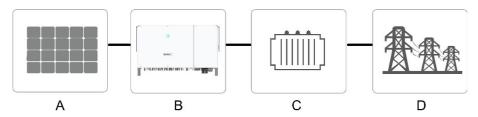


Figure 2-1 Inverter application in PV power system

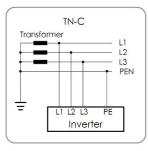
MARNING

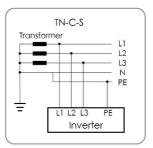
Inverter cannot connect the PV strings whose positive and negative terminals need to be grounded.

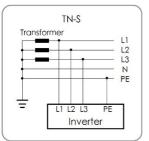
Do not connect any local load between the inverter and the AC circuit breaker.

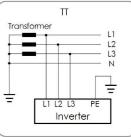
Item	Description	Note
	PV strings	Monocrystalline silicon, polycrystalline silicon and thin-
А		film without grounding.
В	Inverter	SG250HX
С	Transformer	Boost the low voltage from inverter to grid-compatible
		medium voltage.
D	Utility grid	TN-C, TN-S, TN-C-S, TT, IT.

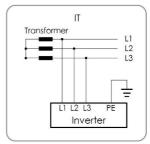
User Manual 2 Product Introduction











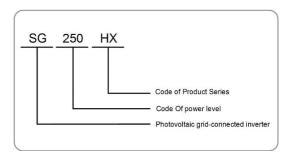


Make sure the inverter is applied to an IT system before enabling the Anti-PID function.

2.2 Product Introduction

2.2.1 Model Description

The device model description is as follows:

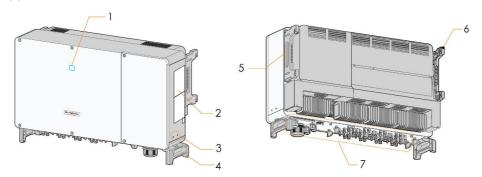


Madal	Nominal Output	Nominal Grid Voltage
Model	Power	Nominal and Voltage
	250 kVA @ 30 °C /	
SG250HX	225 kVA @ 40 °C /	3 / PE, 800 V
	200 KVA @ 50 ℃	

The device model can be found on the nameplate attached to the side of the inverter. For details, refer to "3.2 Identifying the Inverter".

2 Product Introduction User Manual

2.2.2 Appearance



*The image shown here is for reference only. The actual product you receive may differ.

No.	Name	Description
1	LED indicator	HMI interface to indicate the present working state of
	panel	the inverter.
2	Labels	Warning symbols, nameplate, and QR code.
3	Additional	2, use at least one of them to ground the inverter.
	grounding	
	terminals	
4	Bottom handles	2, used to move the inverter.
5	Side handles	2, used to move the inverter.
6	Mounting ears	4, used to hang the inverter onto the mounting-bracket.
		DC switches, AC terminals, DC terminals, and
7	Wiring area	communication terminals.
		For details, refer to "5.2 Terminal Description".

2.2.3 Dimensions

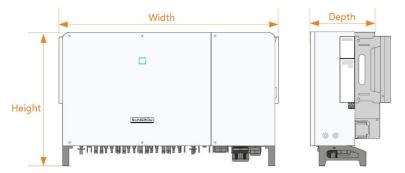


Figure 2-2 Dimensions of the Inverter

*The image shown here is for reference only. The actual product you receive may differ.

Dimensions (W*H*D)	Weight
1051*660*363mm	99kg (218.3 lb)
(41.4''*26''*14.3'')	33Kg (210.3 lb)

User Manual 2 Product Introduction

2.2.4 LED Indicator Panel

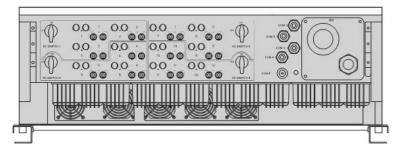
As an HMI, the LED indicator panel on the front of the inverter can indicate the present working state of the inverter.

Table 2-1 LED indicator description

LED indicator	LED state	Definition	
	ON	The device is connected to the grid and operating normally.	
	Fast blink	The Bluetooth communication is connected and	
	(Period: 0.2s)	there is data communication.	
		No system fault occurs.	
Blue	Slow flash	The de to take the college of the co	
	(Period: 2s)	The device is in standby or startup state (not	
		feeding power into the grid).	
	ON	A fault occurs and the device cannot connect to	
		the grid	
	Twinkling	The Bluetooth communication is connected and	
Dod		there is data communication.	
Red		System fault occurs.	
OFF	OFF	Both the AC and DC sides are powered down.	

2.2.5 DC Switch

The DC switch is used to disconnect the DC current safely whenever necessary. The inverter is equipped with four DC switches, each DC switch controls its corresponding DC terminals.





Turn the DC switches to the ON position before restarting the inverter.

2 Product Introduction User Manual

2.3 Circuit Diagram

The MPPT is utilized for DC input to ensure the maximum power from the PV array at different PV input conditions. The inversion circuit converts the DC power into AC power and feeds the AC power into the utility grid through the AC terminal. The protection circuit is equipped to ensure the safe operation of the device and personal safety.

The following figure shows the main circuit of the inverter.

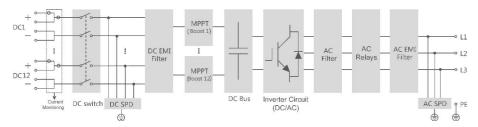


Figure 2-3 Circuit diagram

2.4 Function Description

The inverter is equipped with the following functions:

Conversion function

The inverter converts the DC current into grid-compatible AC current and feeds the AC current into the grid.

Data storage

The inverter logs running information, error records, etc.

Parameter configuration

The inverter provides various settable parameters. Users can set parameters via the App to meet the requirements and optimize the performance.

Communication interface

The inverter is designed with standard RS485 communication interfaces.

The standard RS485 communication interfaces are used to establish communication connection with monitoring devices and upload monitoring data by using communication cables.

After communication connection is established, users can view inverter information or set inverter parameters through the iSolarCloud.

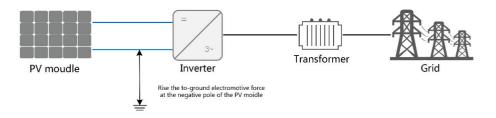
Protection Function

The protective functions are integrated in the inverter, including anti-island protection, LVRT/ZVRT, DC reversed polarity protection, AC short circuit protection, leakage current protection, DC overvoltage/overcurrent protection, etc.

PID function

After the PID function is enabled, the voltage to ground of all PV modules is greater than 0, that is, the PV module-to-ground voltage is a positive value.

User Manual 2 Product Introduction



NOTICE

- Before enabling the PID recovery function, make sure the voltage polarity of the PV modules to ground meets requirement. If there are any questions, contact the PV module manufacturer or read its corresponding user manual.
- If the voltage scheme for the PID protection/recovery function does not meet the requirement of corresponding PV modules, the PID function will not work as expected or even damage the PV modules.

· Anti-PID function

When the inverter is running, the PID function module rises the potential between the negative pole of the PV array and the ground to a positive value, to suppress the PID effect.



Make sure the inverter is applied to an IT system before enabling the anti-PID function.

PID recovery function

When the inverter is not running, the PID module will apply inverse voltage to PV modules, to restore the degraded modules.



- If the PID recovery function is enabled, it only works at night.
- After the PID recovery function is enabled, the voltage of the PV string to ground is 500Vdc by default, and the default value can be modified through the App.

3 Unpacking and Storage

3.1 Unpacking and Inspection

The inverter is thoroughly tested and strictly inspected before delivery. Damage may still occur during shipping. Conduct a thorough inspection after receiving the device.

- · Check the packing for any visible damage.
- · Check the inner contents for damage after unpacking.
- · Check the delivery scope for completeness according to the packing list.

Contact SUNGROW or the supplier in case there is any damage or incompleteness. Do not dispose of the original packing case. It is recommended to store the inverter in it.

3.2 Identifying the Inverter

The nameplate can be found on both the inverter and the packing case. It provides information on type of inverter, important specifications, marks of certification institutions, and serial number which are available and identified by SUNGROW.

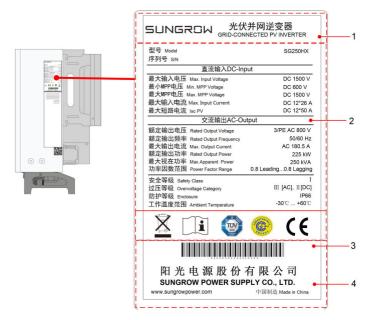


Figure 3-1 Nameplate of Inverters

^{*} The image shown here is for reference only. The actual product you receive may differ.

Item	Description
1	SUNGROW logo and product type
2	Technical data of inverter
3	Instructions and marks of conformity
4	Company name, website and country of manufacture

Table 3-1 Description of Icons on the Nameplate

Icon	Description
X	Do not dispose of the inverter together with household waste.
i	Refer to the corresponding instructions.
SUD	TÜV mark of conformity.
Security Control of the Control of t	CGC-SOLAR mark of conformity.
C€	CE mark of conformity.



3 Unpacking and Storage User Manual

3.3 Scope of Delivery

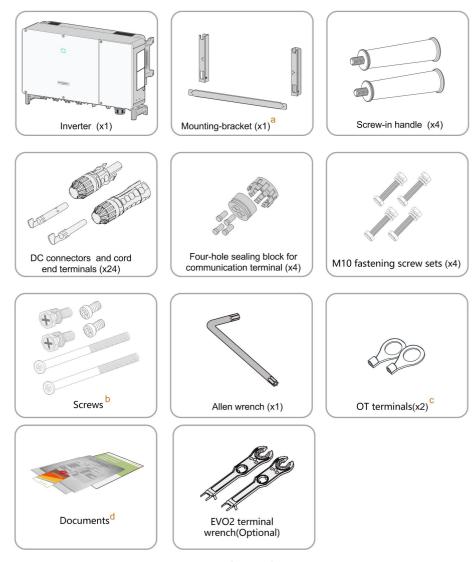


Figure 3-2 Scope of Delivery

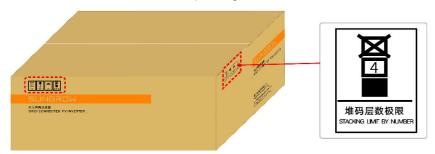
- a. The mounting-bracket includes 2 mounting-bracket components and 1 connecting bar.
- b. The screws include two M4 \times 10, two M6 \times 65, and two M6 \times 12 hex socket screws.
- c. The two OT terminals are used for wiring power cable of the tracking system, where the wiring range is 4-6mm².
- d. The documents include the quick installation guide, packing list, warranty card, etc.

3.4 Inverter Storage

Proper storage is required if the inverter is not installed immediately.

• Store the inverter in the original packing case with the desiccant inside.

- The storage temperature must be always between -40 ° C and +70 ° C, and the storage relative humidity must be always between 0 and 95 %, non-condensing.
- In case of stacking storage, the number of stacking layers should never exceed the limit marked on the outer side of the packing case.



- The packing case should be upright.
- If the inverter has been stored more than half a year, the qualified personnel should thoroughly check and test it before using.

4 Mechanical Mounting

4.1 Safety during Mounting

A DANGER

Make sure there is no electrical connection before installation.

In order to avoid electric shock or other injury, be sure there is no electricity or plumbing installations before drilling holes.

▲ CAUTION

Risk of injury due to improper handling

- Always follow the instructions when moving and positioning the inverter.
- · Improper operation may cause injuries, serious wounds, or bruise.

System performance loss due to poor ventilation!

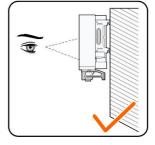
Keep the heat sinks uncovered to ensure heat dissipation performance.

4.2 Location Requirements

Select an optimal mounting location for safe operation, long service life, and outstanding performance.

- The inverter with IP 66 can be installed both indoors andoutdoors.
- Install the inverter in a place convenient for electrical connection, operation, and maintenance.





4.2.1 Installation Environment Requirements

- The installation environment is free of inflammable or explosive materials.
- The location should be not accessible to children.

User Manual 4 Mechanical Mounting

• The ambient temperature and relative humidity must meet the following requirements.



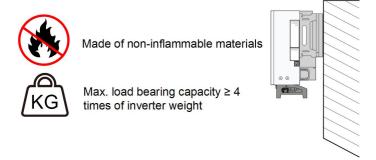




- Do not install the inverter outdoors in areas with salt damage, which mainly refer to the areas within 500 m away from the coast. The deposition of salt fog varies largely with nearby seawater characteristics, sea wind, precipitation, relative humidity, terrain, and forest coverage.
- Prevent the inverter from direct exposure to sun, rain and snow.
- The inverter should be well ventilated. Ensure air circulation.
- The inverter is installed more than 30m away from third-party wireless communication facilities and living environment;

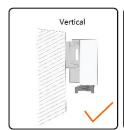
4.2.2 Carrier Requirements

The installation carrier should meet the following requirements:

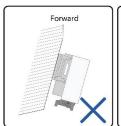


4.2.3 Installation Angle Requirements

Inverter vertically or at a minimum back tilt of 10 $^{\circ}$. Forward installation or upside down installation is prohibited.



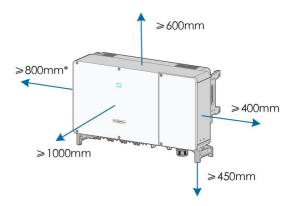






4.2.4 Installation Clearance Requirements

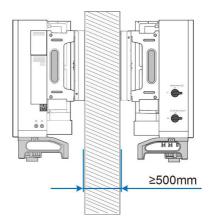
 Reserve enough clearance around the inverter to ensure sufficient space for heat dissipation. (The fans are maintained on the left side of the inverter, and a larger clearance is required.) 4 Mechanical Mounting User Manual



- * The distance can be shortened to 200mm according to onsite conditions. In case the distance is less than 800mm, move the inverter from the mounting-bracket or wall before maintaining fans.
- In case of multiple inverters, reserve specific clearance between the inverters.



 In case of back-to-back installation, reserve specific clearance between the two inverters.



• Install the inverter at an appropriate height for ease of viewing LED indicators and operating switches.

User Manual 4 Mechanical Mounting

4.3 Installation Tools

Installation tools include but are not limited to the following recommended ones. If necessary, use other auxiliary tools on site.

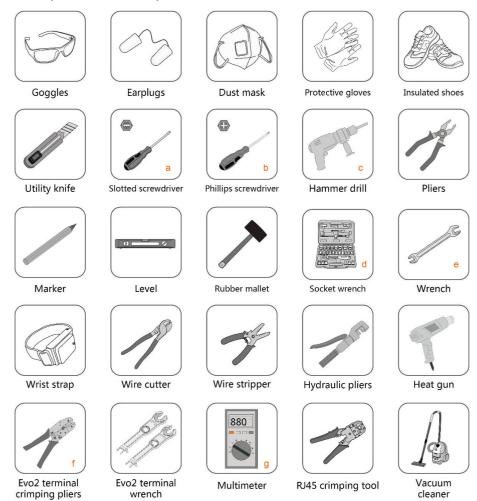


Table 4-1 Tool specification

No.	Specification
а	M2/M6
b	M4/M6/M8
С	Drill bit: φ12, φ14
d	Includes sleeve with opening size 16mm
е	Opening:13, 16mm
f	Crimp range 4~6mm²
g	Range≥1500Vdc

4 Mechanical Mounting User Manual

4.4 Moving the Inverter

Move the inverter to the specified position before installation. The inverter can be moved manually or via a hoist.

4.4.1 Manual Transport

Step 1 Release the sealing screws on the mounting ears with a flat-head screwdriver and store them properly. Anchor the four supplied screw-in handles to the mounting ears and base of the inverter.



Step 2 Lift and move the inverter to the destination by using the side and bottom handles as well as the four installed handles.

Step 3 Remove the screw-in handles and reassemble the sealing screws released in Step 1.

A CAUTION

Inappropriate moving operation may cause personal injury!

It is recommended that at least four installers carry the inverter together and wear protective equipment such as smash-proof shoes and gloves.

Always beware of the gravity center of the inverter and avoid tipping.

NOTICE

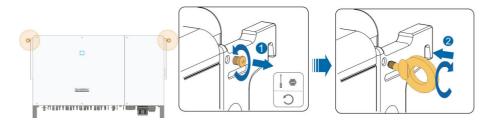
The ground surface on which the inverter is to be placed should be covered with a sponge pad, foam cushion or the like to prevent the inverter bottom from scratches.

- - End

4.4.2 Hoisting Transport

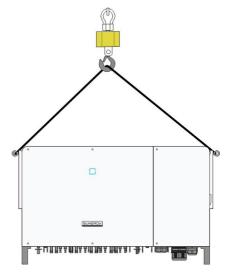
Step 1 Release the sealing screws on the mounting ears and store them properly. Anchor two M12 thread lifting rings to the hangers of the inverter.

User Manual 4 Mechanical Mounting



Step 2 Lead the sling through the two lifting rings and fasten the tie-down strap.

Step 3 Hoist the inverter, and stop to check for safety when the inverter is 100mm above the ground. Continue hoisting the device to the destination after ensuring the safety.



Step 4 Remove the lifting rings and reassemble the sealing screws released in Step 1.

A CAUTION

Keep the inverter balanced throughout the hoisting process and avoid collisions with walls or other objects.

Stop hoisting in the event of severe weather, such as heavy rain, thick fog, or strong wind.



The lifting rings and the sling are not within the delivery scope.

- - End

4.5 Dimensions of mounting-bracket

Dimensions of the assembled mounting-bracket are as follows:

4 Mechanical Mounting User Manual

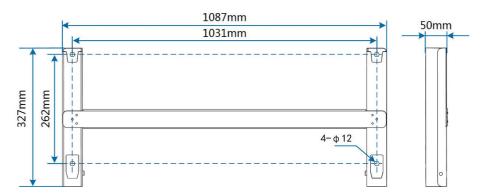


Figure 4-1 Dimensions of mounting-bracket

4.6 PV Bracket-Mounted Installation

4.6.1 Preparation before Mounting

Tools

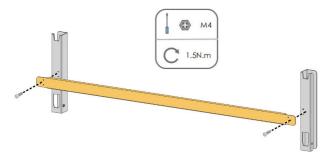
Item	Specification
Phillips screwdriver/ electric	M4, M6
screw driver	1014, 1010
Marker	-
Level	-
Hammer drill	Drill bit: φ12
Socket wrench	Including 16mm socket
wrench	Opening: 16mm

Spare parts

Item	Quantity	Specification	Source
Con the annual to	2	M4×10	Delivery scope
Grub screw	2	M6 × 65	Delivery scope
Bolt assembly	4	M10	Delivery scope

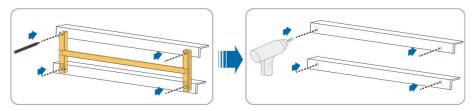
4.6.2 Mounting Steps

Step 1 Assemble the mounting-bracket by using the connecting bar.



User Manual 4 Mechanical Mounting

Step 2 Level the assembled mounting-bracket by using the level, and mark the positions for drilling holes on the PV bracket. Drill the holes by using a hammer drill.



Step 3 Secure the mounting-bracket with bolts.

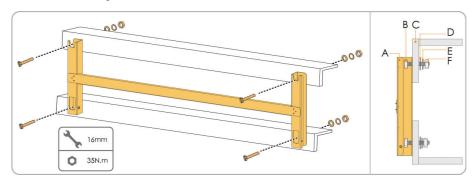


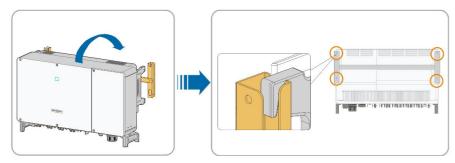
Table 4-2 Fastening sequence

No.	Components	Description
А	Mounting-bracket	-
В	Full threaded bolt	M10*45
С	Metal bracket	-
D	Flat washer	-
Е	Spring washer	-
F	Hex nuts	M10

Step 4 Take out the inverter from the packing case.

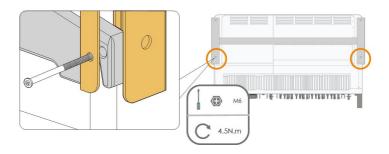
Step 5 Hoist the inverter to the installation position when necessary (refer to "4.4.2 Hoisting Transport"). If the installation position is not high enough, skip performing this step.

Step 6 Hang the inverter to the mounting-bracket and ensure that the mounting ears perfectly engage with the mounting-bracket.



4 Mechanical Mounting User Manual

Step 7 Fix the inverter with two M6 \times 65 screws.



- - End

4.7 Wall-Mounted Installation

4.7.1 Preparation before Mounting

Tools

Item	Specification	
Phillips screwdriver/ electric	M4, M6	
screw driver	1914, 1910	
Marker	-	
Level	-	
Hammer drill	Drill bit(Select according to expansion bolt	
	specifications)	
Socket wrench	Including 16mm socket	
Wrench	Opening: 16mm	

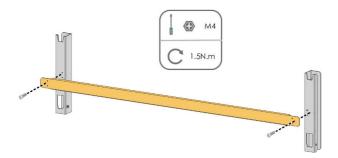
Spare parts

Item	Quantity	Specification	Source
Grub screw	2	M4×10	Delivery scope
	2	M6 × 65	Delivery scope
Expansion holts	4	M10×95	Self-prepared
Expansion bolts	4	(Recommended)	

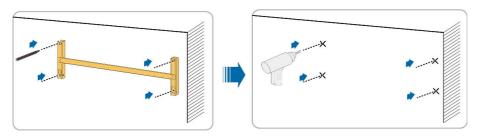
4.7.2 Mounting Steps

Step 1 Assemble the mounting-bracket by using the connecting bar.

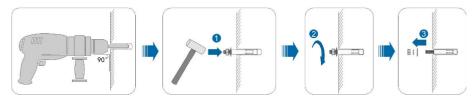
User Manual 4 Mechanical Mounting



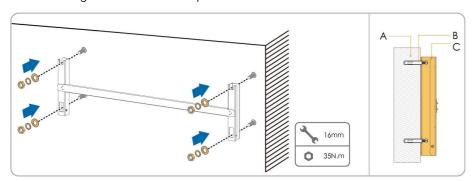
Step 2 Level the assembled mounting-bracket by using the level, and mark the positions for drilling holes on the installation site.



Step 3 Insert the expansion bolts into the holes and secure them with a rubber hammer. Fasten the nut with a wrench to expand the bolt. Remove the nut, spring washer, and flat washer, and store them properly.



Step 4 Fix the mounting-bracket with the expansion bolts.

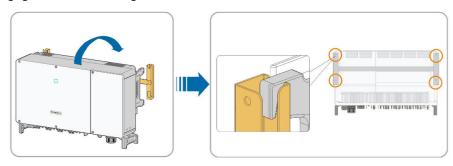


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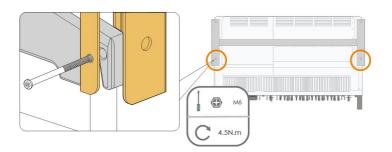
Table 4-3 Fastening sequence

Item	Designation	Description
Α	Wall	-
В	Expansion bolt	Fastening the bolt in the sequence of nut, spring washer, slat washer
С	Mounting- bracket	-

- **Step 5** Take out the inverter from the packing case.
- **Step 6** Hoist the inverter to the installation position when necessary (refer to "4.4.2 Hoisting Transport"). If the installation position is not high enough, skip performing this step.
- **Step 7** Hang the inverter to the mounting-bracket and ensure that the mounting ears perfectly engage with the mounting-bracket.



Step 8 Fix the inverter with screws.



- - End

5 Electrical Connection

5.1 Safety Instructions

Prior to any electrical connections, keep in mind that the inverter has dual power supplies. It is mandatory for the qualified personnel to wear personal protective equipments (PPE) during the electrical work.

A DANGER

Danger to life due to a high voltage inside the inverter!

- The PV string will generate lethal high voltage when exposed to sunlight.
- Before starting electrical connections, disconnect the DC and AC circuit breakers and prevent them from inadvertent reconnection.
- Ensure that all cables are voltage free before performing cable connection.

M WARNING

- Any improper operations during cable connection can cause device damage or personal injury.
- Only qualified personnel can perform cable connection.
- All cables must be undamaged, firmly attached, properly insulated and adequately dimensioned.

NOTICE

Comply with the safety instructions related to the PV strings and the regulations related to the utility grid.

- All electrical connections must be in accordance with local and national standards.
- Only with the permission of the utility grid, the inverter can be connected to the utility grid.

5.2 Terminal Description

Wiring terminals are at the bottom of the inverter, as shown in the figure below.

5 Electrical Connection User Manual

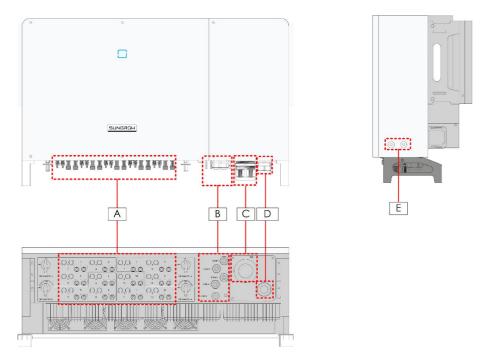


Figure 5-1 Wiring terminals

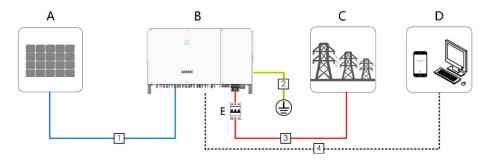
^{*} Figure shown here is for reference only. The actual product you receive may differ!

Item	Terminal	Mark	Note
Α	PV terminals	+ / -	24, PV connector
		COM1	_
	Communica	COM2	RS485 communication, digital input/output
В	Communica-	COM3	DI/DO, and power supply of tracking system.
	tion terminal	COM4	
		COM5	Reserved
	AC wiring		Used for AC output cable connection.
	terminal	_	Osed for AC output cable conflection.
	Standby	AC	
D	grounding		Used for internal grounding.
	terminal*		
	Additional	(<u>1</u>)	2 use at least one of them to ground the
Е	grounding		2, use at least one of them to ground the
	terminal		inverter.

^{*}If the PE cable is an independent single-core cable, it is inserted into the cabinet through the standby grounding terminal.

5.3 Electrical Connection Overview

Electrical connection in the PV system includes additional grounding connection, AC connection, and PV string connection.



Item	Designation
А	PV string
В	Inverter
С	Grid
D	Monitoring device
Е	ACcircuit breaker

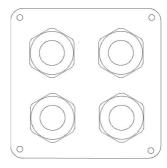
Table 5-1 Cable requirements

			Specification	
No.	Cable	Туре	Cable Diameter (mm)	Cross-sectional area (mm²)
1	DC cable	PV cable complying with	4.7~6.4	4~6
		1,500V standard		
2	Additional Groundin- g cable	Outdoor single- core copper wire cable	1	The same as that of the PE wire in the AC cable
3	AC cable	Four-core copper or aluminum cable *	38~56	L1,L2,L3,(N) wire: 70~240 PE wire: refer to "Table 5- 2 PE wire requirements"

			Specification	
No.	Cable	Туре	Cable Diameter (mm)	Cross-sectional area (mm²)
		Three-core copper or	Phase cable: 38~56	L1,L2,L3 wire: 70~240
		aluminum cable and one independent single-core PE cable	PE cable: 14~32	PE wire: refer to "Table 5-2 PE wire requirements"
		Four single-core outdoor copper or aluminum cables**	14~32	L1,L2,L3 wire: 70~300 PE wire: refer to "Table 5-2 PE wire requirements"
4	Commun- ication cable	Shielded twisted pair	4.5~18	1~1.5

^{*} A copper to aluminum adapter terminal is required when an aluminum cable is used. For details, refer to "5.6.3 Aluminium Cable Requirements".

^{**}If case of four single-core cables, an spare AC sealing plate accessory is required. To purchase the AC sealing plate accessory, contact SUNGROW.



Spare AC sealing plate

Table 5-2 PE wire requirements

PE wire cross section	Note
S/2	The specifications are valid only when the phase wire and PE
(S: Phase wire	wire use the same material. If otherwise, ensure that the cross
•	section of the PE wire produces a conductance equivalent to
cross-section S)	that of the wire specified in the table.

Table 5-3 Power	cable for	tracking system

		Specification		
Cable	Туре	Cable	Recommended	
Cable	турс	Diamet-	Cross-sectional	Voltage level
		er(mm)	area(mm²)	
Power				
cable	Double-core			Consistant with
for	outdoor	4.5~18	4~6*	Consistent with
tracking	copper cable			selected AC cable
system				

^{*}Only when the cable cross-sectional area ranges between 4mm^2 and 6mm^2 , the supplied OT terminals can be used. If otherwise, users should prepare M12 OT terminals by themselves, and ensure that the cable cross-sectional area is within the range of $0.5-10\text{mm}^2$.

5.4 Additional Grounding Connection

⚠ WARNING

Since the inverter is a transformerless inverter, neither the negative pole nor the positive pole of the PV string can be grounded. Otherwise, the inverter will not operate normally.

Connect the additional grounding terminal to the protective grounding point before AC cable connection, PV cable connection, and communication cable connection.

The ground connection of this additional grounding terminal cannot replace the connection of the PE terminal of the AC cable. Make sure thoes terminals are both grounded reliably.

5.4.1 Additional Grounding Requirements

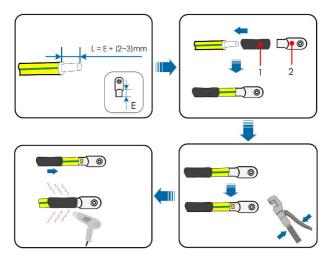
All non-current carrying metal parts and device enclosures in the PV power system should be grounded, for example, brackets of PV modules and inverter enclosure.

When there is only one inverter in the PV system, connect the additional grounding cable to a nearby grounding point.

When there are multiple inverters in the PV system, connect grounding points of all inverters and the PV array frames to the equipotential cable (according to the onsite conditions) to implement an equipotential connection.

5.4.2 Connection Procedure

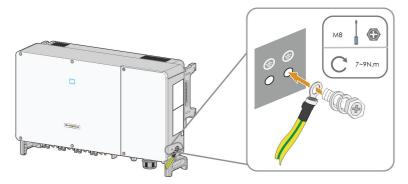
Step 1 Prepare the cable and OT/DT terminal.



1:Heat shrink tubing

2: OT/DT terminal

Step 2 Remove the screw on the grounding terminal and fasten the cable with a screwdriver.



Step 3 Apply paint to the grounding terminal to ensure corrosion resistance.

- - End



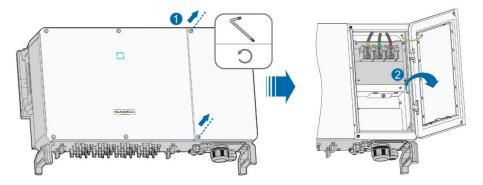
The grounding screws have been anchored to the side of the inverter before delivery, and do not need to be prepared.

There are two grounding terminals. Use at least one of them to ground the inverter.

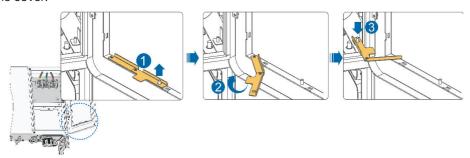
5.5 Opening the Wiring Compartment

Step 1 Release two screws on the front cover of the wiring compartment with supplied Allen wrench.

Step 2 Open the wiring compartment.



Step 3 Keep the wiring compartment opened during wiring through the limit lever attached to the cover.



- - End



Close the wiring compartment in reverse order after completing wiring operations.

5.6 AC Cable Connection

5.6.1 AC Side Requirements

Before connecting the inverter to the grid, ensure the grid voltage and frequency comply with requirements, for which, refer to "10.1 Technical Data". Otherwise, contact the electric power company for help.



Connect the inverter to the grid only after getting an approval from the local electric power company.

AC Circuit Breaker

An independent three-pole or four-pole circuit breaker is installed on the output side of the inverter to ensure safe disconnection from the grid.

Recommended rated voltage	Recommended rated current
800V	250A

NOTICE

Never connect a load between the inverter and the circuit breaker.

Multiple inverters cannot share one circuit breaker.

Multiple Inverters in parallel Connection

If multiple inverters are connected in parallel to the grid, ensure that the total number of parallel inverters does not exceed 30. Otherwise, please contact SUNGROW for technical scheme.

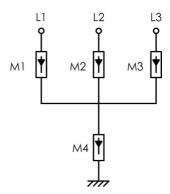
MV transformer

The MV transformer used together with the inverter should meet the following requirements:

- The transformer may be a distribution transformer, and it must be designed for the typical cyclical loads of a PV system (load in the day and no load at night).
- The transformer may be of the liquid-immersed type or dry type, and shield winding is not necessary.
- The line-to-line voltage on the LV side of the transformer should endure the output voltage of inverter. When the transformer is connected to to the IT grid, to-ground withstanding voltage of the LV winding of the transformer, the AC cables, and the secondary equipment (including the relay protection device, detection & measuring device, and other related auxiliary devices) should not be lower than 1,500V.
- The line-to-line voltage on the HV side of transformer should comply with local power grid voltage.
- A transformer with a tap changer on the HV side is recommended in order to keep consistent with the grid voltage.
- At an ambient temperature of 45°C, the transformer can run in 1.1 times of load for long time.
- Transformer with a short-circuit impedance 6% (permissible tolerance: ±10%) is recommended.
- The voltage drop of system cable is no more than 3%.
- The DC component that the transformer can withstand is 1% of the fundamental current at rated power.
- For thermal rating, the load curve of the transformer and environment conditions should be taken into account.
- The apparent power of the inverter should never exceed the power of the transformer. The maximum AC current of all inverters connected in parallel must be taken into account. If more than 30 inverters are connected to the grid, contact SUNGROW.
- The transformer must be protected against overloading and short circuit.

• The transformer is an important part of grid-connected PV generation system. The fault tolerance capacity of the transformer should be taken into account at all times. The fault include: system short circuit, grounding fault, voltage drop, etc.

- Take ambient temperature, relative humidity, altitude, air quality, and other environmental conditions into account when selecting and installing the transformer.
- When the anti-PID function is enabled, observe the following items:
 - If the LV side winding is in Y shape, neutral point grounding is prohibited.
 - Surge protective devices (SPD) for the AC combiner box and on the LV side of the transformer are recommended to be connected in the "3+1" manner, as shown in the figure below. The Min. continuous operating voltages of M1-M4 are 690VAC.
 - The LV side winding of the transformer, AC cables, and secondary devices (including protective relay, detection and measurement instruments, and related
 auxiliary devices) must withstand the voltage to ground of at least 906V.



5.6.2 Requirements for OT/DT Terminal

OT/DT terminals (not included in the delivery scope) are required for fixing AC cables to the terminal block. Purchase the OT/DT terminals according to the following requirements.

OT/DT Terminals of Phase Wire

- Specification: M12:
- Dimensions: a≤46mm / 13mm≤b≤15.5mm / c≤22mm



Figure 5-2 Dimensions of Terminal

OT/DT Terminal of PE Wire

Specification: M8 / M10.

5.6.3 Aluminium Cable Requirements

If an aluminium cable is selected, use a copper to aluminium adapter terminal to avoid direct contact between the copper bar and the aluminium cable.

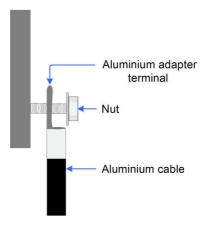


Figure 5-3 Aluminium cable terminal connection sequence

NOTICE

Ensure that the selected terminal can directly contact with the copper bar. If there are any problems, contact the manufacturer of terminal.

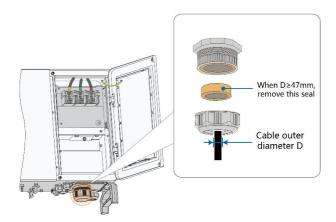
Direct contact between the copper bar and the aluminium cable will cause electrochemical corrosion and impair the reliability of electrical connection.

5.6.4 Connection Procedure

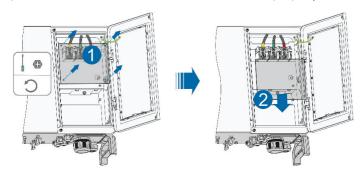


In this manual, description is given by using five-core cable as an example. The wiring method of the four-core cable is the same.

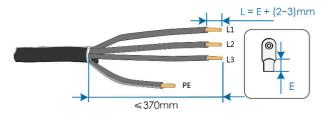
- **Step 1** Open the wiring compartment. For details, refer to 5.5 Opening the Wiring Compartment.
- Step 2 Disconnect the AC-side circuit breaker and prevent it from inadvertent reconnection.
- Step 3 Loosen the swivel nut of the AC waterproof connector and select a seal according to the cable outer diameter. Lead the cable through the swivel nut, seal, and wiring terminal successively.



Step 4 Remove the protection cover and store the released screws properly.

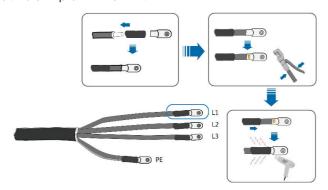


Step 5 Strip the protection layer and insulation layer by specific length, as described in the figure below.



Step 6 If wiring of tracking system power cable is required, refer to 5.8 Wiring of Tracking System Power Cable (Optional). Otherwise, skip performing this step.

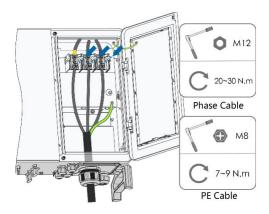
Step 7 Make the cable and crimp OT/DT terminal.

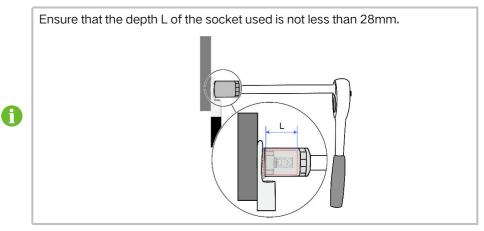


Step 8 Secure the wires to corresponding terminals.

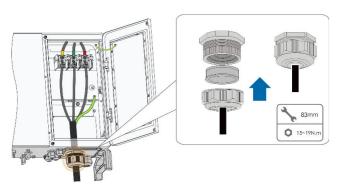
NOTICE

Note the terminal positions of PE wire and N wire. If a phase wire is connected to the PE terminal or N terminal, unrecoverable damage may be caused to the inverter.



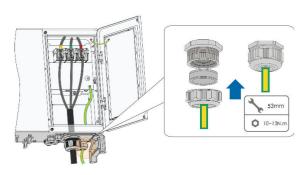


Step 9 Gently pull the cable backwards to ensure firm connection, and fasten the swivel nut clockwise.

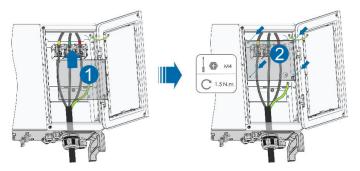


NOTICE

If the PE cable is an independent single-core cable, it is inserted into the cabinet through the standby grounding terminal.



Step 10Install the protection cover



- - End

5.7 DC Cable Connection

▲ DANGER

Electric shock!

The PV array will generate lethal high voltage once exposed to sunlight.

A CAUTION

Make sure the PV array is well insulated to ground before connecting it to the inverter.

NOTICE

There is a risk of inverter damage! The following requirements should be met. Failure to do so will void guarantee and warranty claims.

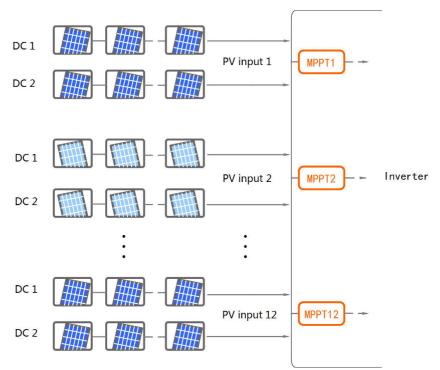
- Make sure the maximum voltage of each string is always less than 1500 V.
- Make sure the maximum short circuit current on the DC side is within the permissible range.

5.7.1 PV Input Configuration

As shown in the figure below, the inverter is provided with multiple PV inputs: PV inputs 1~12; and each PV input is designed with an MPP tracker.

Each PV input operates independently and has its own MPPT. In this way, string structures of each PV input may differ from each other, including PV module type, number of PV modules in each string, angle of tilt, and installation orientation.

Each PV input area includes two DC inputs DC1 and DC2. For the best use of DC power, DC1 and DC2 should be the same in PV string structure, including the type, number, tilt, and orientation of the PV modules.



Open circuit voltage limit	Max. current for input connector
1,500V	30A

5.7.2 Connection Procedure

SUNGROW provides corresponding plug connectors in the scope of delivery for quick connection of PV inputs.

DC cables should be connected to the inverter via PV connectors which are included in the scope of delivery.



To ensure IP66 protection, use only the supplied connector or the connector with the same ingress of protection.

↑ DANGER

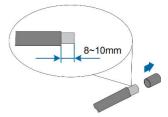
High voltage may be present in the inverter!

- Ensure all cables are voltage-free before performing electrical operations.
- Do not connect the AC circuit breaker before finishing electrical connection.

NOTICE

Use the MC4 EVO2 PV connecters within the scope of delivery. Damage to the device due to the use of incompatible terminal shall not be covered by the warranty.

Step 1 Strip the insulation from each DC cable.



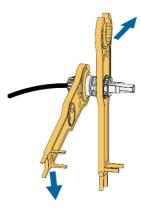
Step 2 Assemble the cable ends with the crimping pliers.



Step 3 Insert the crimped cables into the corresponding connectors until they snap into place. Gently pull the cable backward to ensure firm connection.



Step 4 Tighten the cable gland and the insulator.



Step 5 Check for polarity correctness.

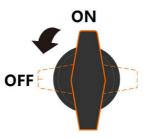
NOTICE

The inverter will not function properly if any PV polarity is reversed.

- - End

5.7.3 Installing the PV Connectors

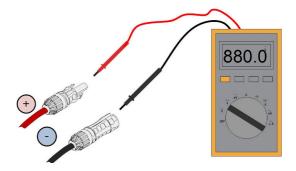
Step 1 Rotate all the DC switches to "OFF" position.



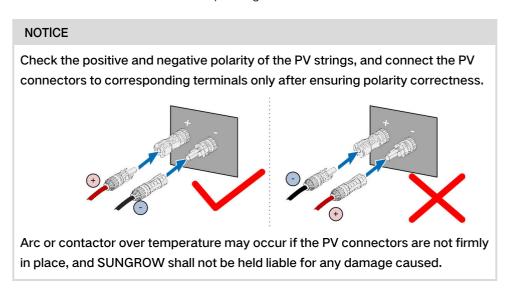


Skip performing step1 when the actual device is not equipped with DC switches.

Step 2 Check the cable connection of the PV string for polarity correctness and ensure that the open circuit voltage in any case does not exceed the inverter input limit of 1,500V.



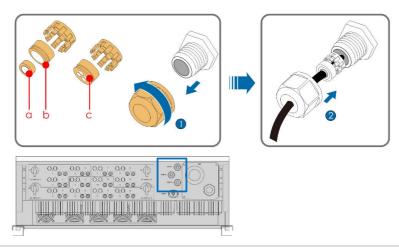
Step 3 Connect the PV connectors to corresponding terminals until there is an audible click.



- **Step 4** Follow the foregoing steps to connect PV connectors of other PV strings.
- **Step 5** Seal the unused PV terminals with the terminal caps.
 - - End

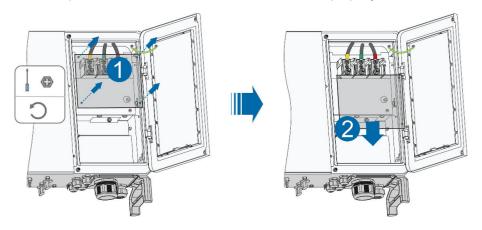
5.8 Wiring of Tracking System Power Cable (Optional)

- **Step 1** Lead the AC cable into the wiring compartment according to Step 1 to Step 4 described in "5.6.4 Connection Procedure".
- Step 2 Loosen the swivel nut of the communication terminal and select an appropriate seal according to cable outer diameter. Lead the cable through the swivel nut and seal successively.



Outer diameter D(mm)	Seal
4.5~6	С
6~12	a+b
13~18	b

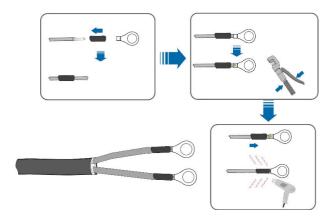
Step 3 Remove the protection cover and store the released screws properly.



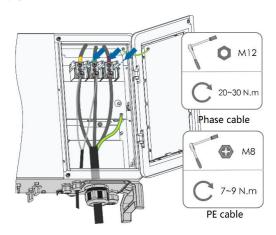
Step 4 Strip the protection layer and insulation layer by specific length, as described in the figure below.



Step 5 Install the OT terminal and press it tight.

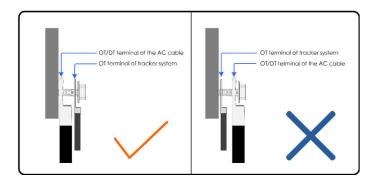


Step 6 Stack the OT terminals on the OT/DT terminal of the AC cables, and fix the cables to corresponding terminals.

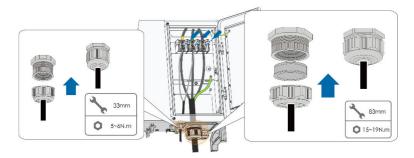


A DANGER

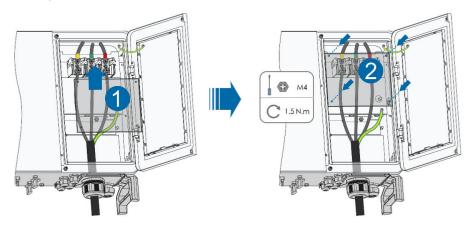
Ensure that OT terminals of the power cable are installed on the OT/DT terminals of the AC cable. Otherwise, it will cause over heat or even burn.



Step 7 Gently pull the cable backwards to ensure firm connection, and fasten the swivel nut clockwise.



Step 8 Install the protection cover



- - End

There are four communication terminals COM1, COM2, COM3 and COM4 on the bottom of the inverter. Select the communication terminal according to onsite conditions.



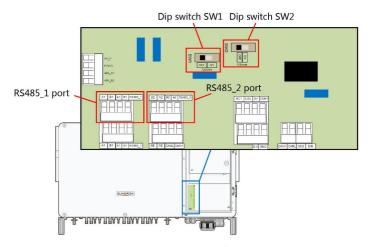
Disconnector (≥800V) and fuse (16A, gM) should be installed between the inverter and the tracking system control cabinet.

Length of the cable connecting the internal wiring terminal of the inverter and the fuse should be less than 2.5m.

5.9 RS485 Communication

5.9.1 Interface Description

The following figure shows the position of the communication wiring board in the inverter as well as the terminals equipped for the wiring board.



The inverter is equipped with two groups of RS485 communication interfaces for external communication connection.

The port RS485_1 is used to connect Logger, so as to implement data exchange with PC or other monitoring devices. The port RS485_2 is used to connect communication device of the tracking system, so as to implement data exchange with the tracking system. Terminal definitions of the two ports are as follows:

Table 5-4 RS485_1 port terminal definition

No.	Definition
A1	RS485 A IN, RS485A differential signal+
B1	RS485 B IN, RS485B differential signal-
A1	RS485 A OUT, RS485A differential signal+
B1	RS485 B OUT, RS485B differential signal-

Table 5-5 RS485_2 port terminal definition

No.	Definition
B2	RS485 B OUT, RS485B differential signal-
A2	RS485 A OUT, RS485A differential signal+
B2	RS485 B IN, RS485B differential signal-
A2	RS485 A IN, RS485A differential signal+

The terminal block interface and RJ45 interface have the same function with only wiring manner different. Select either interface for cable connection.

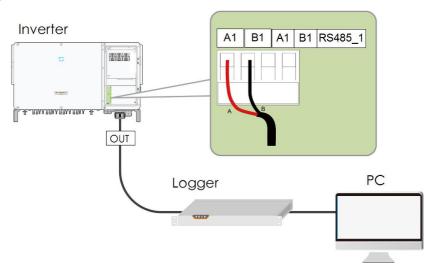
NOTICE

The RS485_1 interface is marked as SW2.

5.9.2 RS485 Communication System

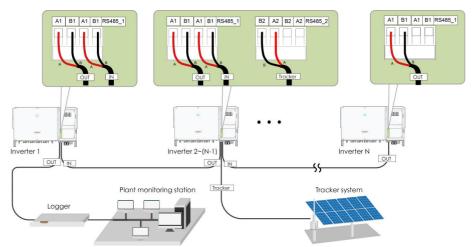
Single-inverter communication system

In case of a single inverter, communication cable connection requires only one RS485 cable.



Multi-inverter communication system

In case of multiple inverters, all the inverters can be connected via RS485 cables in the daisy chain manner. The communication cable of the tracking system can be connected to the port RS485_2 of any inverter in the daisy chain.



When more than 15 inverters are connected on the same daisy chain, configure the RS485- dip switches of the inverters on two ends of the chain (RS485_1 is corresponding to SW2, and RS485_2 is corresponding to SW1), to ensure communication quality.

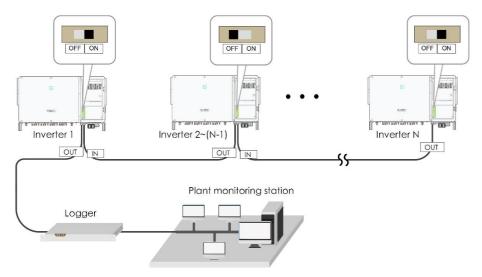


Figure 5-4 Configuration of dip switch (N≥15)

The length of the RS485 cable should be no longer than 1,200m.



If multiple inverters are connected to the data collectorLogger3000, the number of permissible daisy chains and the number of devices allowed to be connected should meet the requirements (refer to the user manual for the Logger3000).

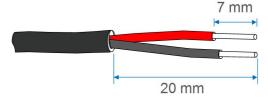
5.9.3 Connection Procedure (Terminal Block)

RS485 communication cables should be shielded twisted pair cables or shielded twisted pair Ethernet cables.

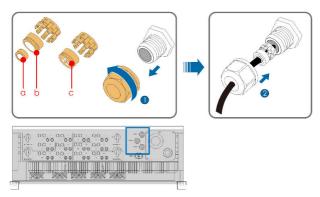


There are four RS485 communication terminals COM1, COM2, COM3 and COM4 on the bottom of the inverter. Please choose according to the actual situation.

Step 1 Strip the protection layer and insulation layer by appropriate length.

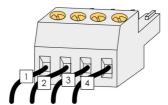


Step 2 Loosen the swivel nut of the communication terminal and select an appropriate seal according to cable outer diameter. Lead the cable through the swivel nut and seal successively.



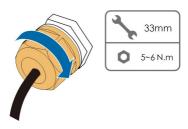
Outer diameter D(mm)	Seal
4.5~6	С
6~12	a+b
12~18	b

Step 3 Secure the cable to the terminal base.



Step 4 Insert the terminal base into the corresponding terminal.

Step 5 Pull the cable gently to make sure it is secured, tighten the swivel nut clockwise.



- - End

5.10 PLC Communication Connection

With a PLC communication module built inside, the inverter can communicate with the PLC BOX provided by SUNGROW. For specific wiring method, refer to the PLC BOX user manual.

• In case of PLC communication, the AC cable must be a multi-core cable rather than multiple single-core cables.

The PLC Box is an optional device that can be ordered from Sungrow.



 The PLC Box conducts data communication by directly using the AC output cable of the inverter and thus saves the trouble to lay and maintain the special communication cables. The RS-485 port of the PLC Box supports the transparent transmission of the MODBUS-RTU and is completely compatible with the monitoring devices and software of the original RS-485 communication method.

5.11 Dry Contact Connection

NOTICE

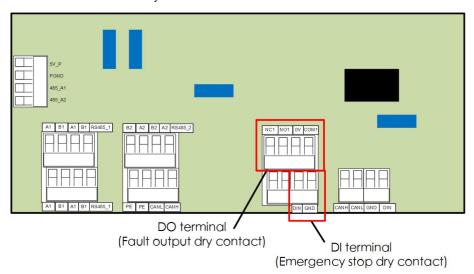
Dry contact cables require a cross section of 1 mm² to 1.5 mm².

The connection procedure of the dry contact is the same as that of the RS485 terminal block.

5.11.1 Dry Contact Function

The configuration circuit board is provided with fault output dry contact and emergency stop dry contact, as shown in the figure below.

Connection method of the dry contacts is similar to that of the RS485 terminal block.



DO terminal (fault output dry contact): the relay can be set to fault alarm output, and user can configure it to be a normal open contact (COM&NO) or a normal close contact (COM&NC).

The relay is initially at the NC terminal, and it will trip to another contact when a fault occurs.

Use LED indicators or other equipment to indicate whether the inverter is in the faulty state. The following figures show the typical applications of normal open contact and normal close contact:

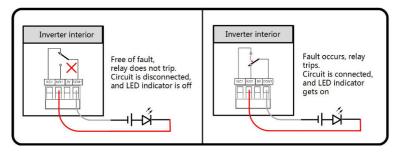


Figure 5-5 Normal open contact

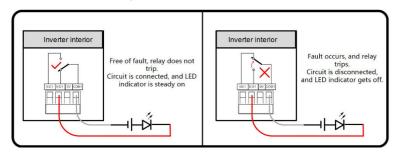


Figure 5-6 Normal close contact

Devices connected to the relay should comply with related requirements:

AC-Side Requirements	DC-Side Requirements
Max. voltage: 250Vac	Max. voltage: 30Vdc
Max. current: 5A	Max. current: 5A

DI terminal (emergency stop dry contact): the dry contact can be configured to be an emergency stop contact.

When the DI contact and GND contact are shorted by external controlled switch, the inverter will immediately stop.



The dry contacts only support passive switch signal input.

The following figure shows the typical application of local stop dry contact.

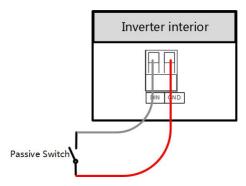


Figure 5-7 Local stop contact

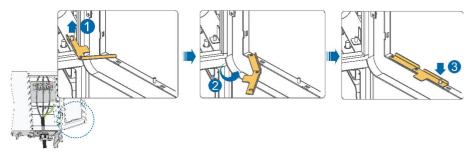
When wiring DI dry contacts, ensure that the maximum wiring distance meet the requirements in "10.2 Wring Distance of DI Dry Contact".

5.11.2 Wiring Procedure

Refer to the wiring of terminal block described in chapter"5.9.3 Connection Procedure (-Terminal Block)".

5.12 Closing the Wiring Compartment

Step 1 Release the limit lever.



Step 2 Close the wiring compartment and tighten the two screws on its front cover with supplied Allen wrench.



NOTICE

In case the screws on the cover are missing, you can find spare ones in the scope of delivery.

- - End



6 Commissioning

6.1 Inspection before Commissioning

Check the following items before starting the inverter:

- The inverter DC switch and external circuit breaker are disconnected.
- The inverter should be accessible for operation, maintenance and service.
- Nothing is left on the top of the inverter.
- The inverter is correctly connected to the external devices, and the cables are routed in a safe place or protected against mechanical damage.
- The selection of the AC circuit breaker is in accordance with this manual and all applicable local standards.
- All unused terminals at the bottom of the inverter are properly sealed.
- · Warning signs & labels are suitably affixed and durable.

6.2 Commissioning Procedure

If all of the items mentioned above meet the requirements, proceed as follows to start up the inverter for the first time.

- **Step 1** Rotate the DC switch of the inverter to "ON" position.
- Step 2 Connect the AC switch (if applicable) between the inverter and the grid.
- Step 3 Connect the DC switch (if applicable) between the inverter and the PV string.
- **Step 4** Set initial protection parameters via the iSolarCloud App. For details, please refer to "7.4.2 Login Steps". If the irradiation and grid conditions meet requirements, the inverter will normally operate.
- **Step 5** Observe the LED indicator to ensure that the inverter operates normally. (Refer to Tab. 2-2LED indicator description).
 - - End



7 iSolarCloud App

7.1 Brief Introduction

The iSolarCloud App can establish communication connection to the inverter via the Bluetooth, thereby achieving near-end maintenance on the inverter. Users can use the App to view basic information, alarms, and events, set parameters, or download logs, etc.

*In case the communication module Eye or WiFi is available, the iSolarCloud App can also establish communication connection to the inverter via the mobile data or WiFi, thereby achieving remote maintenance on the inverter.



This manual describes only how to achieve near-end maintenance via the Bluetooth connection. For remote maintenance through the Eye or WiFi, refer to the related manuals in the delivery scope.

Screenshots in this manual are based on the Android system V2.1.6.20200422, and the actual interfaces may differ.

7.2 Download and Install

Method 1

Download and install the App through the following application stores:

- MyApp (Android, mainland China users)
- Google Play (Android, users other than mainland China ones)
- App store (iOS)

Method 2

Scan the following QR code to download and install the App according to the prompt information.



The App icon appears on the home screen after installation.



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7.3 Function Overview

The App provides parameter viewing and setting functions, as shown in the following "-Figure 7-1 App function tree map".

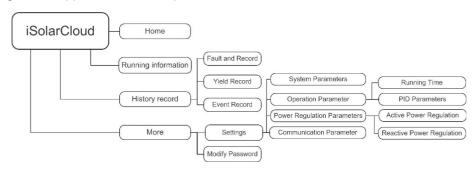


Figure 7-1 App function tree map

7.4 Login

7.4.1 Requirements

The following items should meet requirements:

- The AC or DC side of the inverter is powered-on.
- The mobile phone is within 5m away from the inverter and there are no obstructions in between.
- The Bluetooth function of the mobile phone is enabled.

7.4.2 Login Steps

- **Step 1** Open the App to enter the login page, click on "Local Access" at the bottom of the page to go to the next page.
- Step 2 Click on "Bluetooth", after which the Bluetooth search screen pops up automatically, and select the to-be-connected inverter according the SN on the nameplate of the inverter. The Bluetooth indicator gets on once the connection is established.

 Alternatively, tap " to scan the QR code on the side of the inverter to establish Bluetooth connection.

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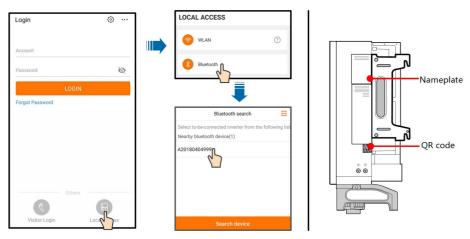


Figure 7-2 Bluetooth connection

Step 3 Enter the login screen after the Bluetooth connection is established.



Figure 7-3 Login



The username is "user", and the initial password is "pw1111" or "1111111" which should be changed for the consideration of account security.

To set inverter parameters related to grid protection and grid support, contact SUNGROW to obtain the advanced account and corresponding password.

Step 4 If the inverter is not initialized, you will enter the quick setting screen of initialize protection parameter. After finishing setting on the quick setting screen, click "TURN ON DEVICE" and the device will be initialized. The App will send start instructions and the device will start and operate.

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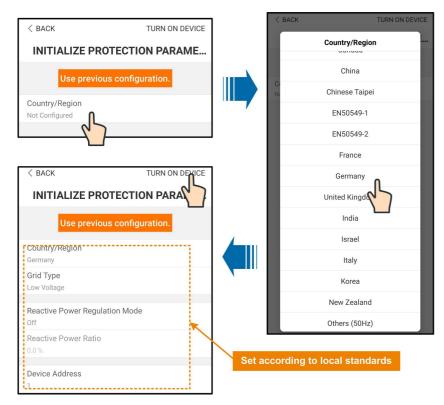


Figure 7-4 Initialization protection parameter

NOTICE

Reset the protection parameters if the country setting is incorrect. Otherwise, fault may occur.



In the European region, such as Netherlands, Sweden, Denmark, whose grid code complies with EN50549, select the parameter EN50549_1 (LV grid-connection) or EN50549_2 (MV grid-connection).

In the Brazilian region, set the country code to "Brazil". Selecting "Brazil_230" or "Brazil_240" will cause setting failure.

Step 5 If the inverter is initialized, the App automatically turns to its home page.

- - End

7.5 Home page

After login, the home page is as follows:

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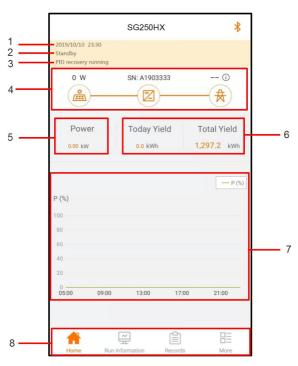


Figure 7-5 Home page

Table 7-1 Home page description

No.	Designation	Description	
1	Date and time	System date and time of the inverter	
2	Inverter state	Present operation state of the inverter For details, refer	
		to Tab. 7-2Description of inverter state.	
3	PID function	Present state of the PID function For details, refer to Tab.	
	state	7-3Description of PID function state	
	Power flow chart	Display the PV power generation power, feed-in power,	
4		etc. The line with an arrow indicates energy flow	
4		between connected devices, and the arrow pointing	
		indicates energy flow direction.	
_	Power	Today power yield and accumulative power yield of the	
5	generation	inverter	
6	Real-time power	Output power of the inverter	
7	Power curve	Curve showing change of power between 5 am and 23	
		pm every day	
		(Each point on the curve represents the percentage of	
		present inverter power to rated power)	
8	Navigation bar	Including "Home", "Run-info", "His-record", and "More"	

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Table 7-2 Description of inverter state

State	Description	
	After being energized, inverter tracks the PV arrays' maximum	
Run	power point (MPP) and converts the DC power into AC power. This is	
	the normal operation mode.	
Stop	Inverter is stopped.	
	Inverter will stop operation by manually "stop" via app. In this way,	
Key-stop	inverter internal DSP stops. To restart the inverter, manually start via	
	арр.	
Ctandby	Inverter enters standby mode when DC side input is insufficient. In	
Standby	this mode inverter will wait within the standby duration.	
Initial standby	The inverter is in the initial power-on standby state.	
Starting	The inverter is initializing and synchronizing with the grid.	
Warning	Warning information is detected.	
Derating	The inverter derates actively due to environmental factors such as	
running	temperature or altitude	
Scheduling	cheduling The inverter runs according to the scheduling instructions received	
running	from the monitoring background	
Fault	If a fault occurs, inverter will automatically stop operation, and	
	disconnect the AC relay. The fault information will be displayed in the	
	app. Once the fault is removed in recovery time, inverter will	
	automatically resume running.	

Table 7-3 Description of PID function state

State	Description	
PID recovery running	The inverters perform PID recovery actively.	
PID	It is detected that the ISO impedance is abnormal or the PID function	
abnormity	cannot work normally after the PID function enabled.	

If the inverter is running abnormally, the alarm or fault icon will be displayed in the lower right corner of the inverter icon in power flow chart. The user can tap this icon to enter the alarm or fault screen to view detailed information and corrective measures.

7.6 Running Information

Tap "Run Information" on the navigation bar to enter the running information screen, as shown in the following figure.

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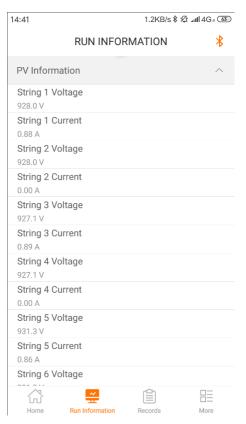


Figure 7-6 Running Information

The run information includes the PV information, inverter information, input and output information.

Table 7-4 Run information

Classifica-	Parameter	Description
PV	String n Voltage	The input voltage of the nth string
Information	String n current	The input current of the nth string
	Total On-grid	1
	Running Time	7
	Daily On-grid	1
	Running Time	
Inverter	Negative Voltage to	Inverter DC side negative to ground voltage
Information	Ground	value
	Bus Voltage	Voltage between the positive and negative
		poles of the DC side of the inverter
	Internal Air	
	Temperature	,

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Classifica-	Parameter	Description	
	Array Insulation	Insulation resistance value of the input side to	
	Resistance	the protection ground	
	Country Information	/	
	Power Limitation Mode	/	
	Reactive Power Mode	/	
	Total DC Power	DC side total input power	
Input	MPPT x Voltage	The input voltage of the xth MPPT	
	MPPT x Current	The input current of the xth MPPT	
	Daily Yield	1	
	Monthly Yield	1	
	Annual Yield	1	
	Total Active Power	Current active power value of the inverter	
	Total Reactive Power	Current reactive power value of the inverter	
0	Total Apparent Power	Current apparent power value of the inverter	
Output	Total Power Factor	Power factor of the AC side of the inverter	
	Gird Frenquency	Frequency of the AC side of the inverter	
	A-B Line Voltage		
	B-C Line Voltage	Line Voltage	
	C-A Line Voltage	•	
	Phase A Current	_	
	Phase B Current	Phase Current	
	Phase C Current		

7.7 History Record

Tap " on the navigation bar to enter the history record screen, as shown in the following figure.

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Figure 7-7 History record

On "history record" screen, users can check the alarm records, power yield records and event records.

7.7.1 Fault Alarm Records

Tap "△ Alarm records " to view fault and alarm records, as shown in the following figure.

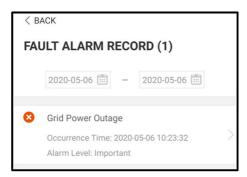


Figure 7-8 Fault and alarm records



- Click " to select a time segment and view corresponding records.
- The inverter can record up to 400 latest entries.

Select one of the records in the list and click the record, to view the detailed fault info as shown in following figure.

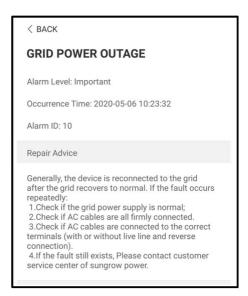


Figure 7-9 Detailed fault alarm info

7.7.2 Power Yields Records

User can view various energy records: power curve, daily energy histogram, monthly energy histogram, and annual energy histogram.

Table 7-5 Explanation of power yields records

Parameter	Description	
	Show the power output from 5 am to 11 pm in a single day.	
Power curve	Each point in the curve is the percentage of present power and	
	nominal power.	
Daily energy	Shows the power output every day in the present month.	
histogram		
Monthly energy	Shows the power output every month in a year.	
histogram		
Annual energy	Shows the power output every year.	
histogram		
-		

Click the " Fnergy records" to view the power curve page as shown in following figure.

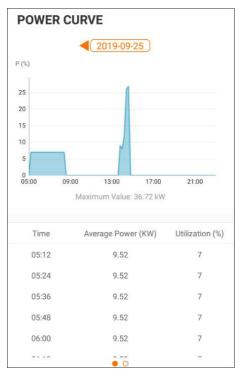


Figure 7-10 Power Curve

Tap the time bar <a>2019-03-13 on the top of the screen to select a time segment and view the corresponding power curve.

Swipe left to check the power yields histogram

7.7.3 Event Records

Click "Event record" to view event record list.



- Click " to select a time segment and view corresponding event records.
- The inverter can at most record the latest 400 events.

7.8 More

Tap " on the navigation bar to enter the "More" screen, as shown in the following figure.

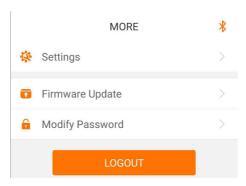


Figure 7-11 More

7.8.1 Parameter Setting

Tap " Settings" to enter the setting screen, as shown in the following Figure.



Figure 7-12 Settings

System Parameters

Tap " System parameter " to enter the system parameter screen on which boot/shutdown instruction can be sent to the inverter, set the date and time, and information such as ARM sorftware version and MDSP software version can be viewed, as shown in the following Figure.

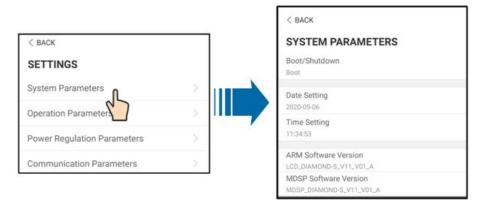


Figure 7-13 System Parameters

Operation Parameters

Tap" Operation Parameters " to enter Operation Parameters screen, as shown in the following Figure.

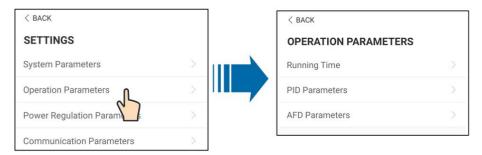


Figure 7-14 Operation Parameters

· Running Time

Tap" Running Time " to enter Running Time screen on which can set running time and reconnecting time, as shown in the following Figure.



Figure 7-15 Running Time

· PID Parameters

Tap" PID Parameters " to enter PID Parameters screen, on which PID recovery function can be enabled or disabled; and PID alarm and PID scheme can be cleared, and PID scheme can be setting as apply negative or apply positive votage, as shown in the following Figure.

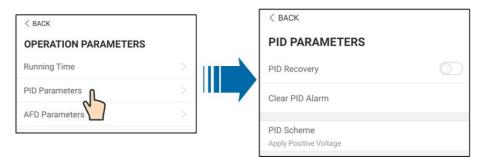


Figure 7-16 PID Parameters

AFCI Parameters(Optional)

Tap" AFD Parameters " to enter AFCI Parameters screen, on which AFD self-test function and AFCI activation function can be enabled or disabled; and AFD alarm can be cleared, as shown in the following Figure.



Figure 7-17 AFCI Parameters

· Power Regulation Parameters

Tap" Power Regulation Parameters " to enter Power Regulation Parameters screen, on which active power regulation or reactive power regulation can be performed on the inverter, as shown in the following Figure.

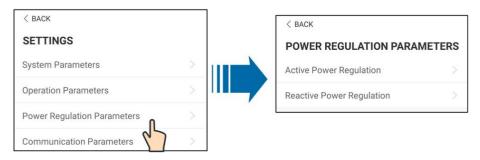


Figure 7-18 Power Regulation Parameters

Table 7-6 Active power regulation

Parameter	Definition/Setting description	Range
Active power soft start after fault	The switch for enabling/ disabling the soft start function after a fault occurs.	Enable/Disable
Active power soft start time after fault	Time that the soft start takes to raise the power from 0 to 100% rated power.	1s~1200s
Active power gradient control	Switch for enabling/disabling the active power rate settable function.	Enable/Disable

Parameter	Definition/Setting description	Range
Active power decline gradient	The decline rate of inverter active power per minute.	3%/min~6000%/min
Active power rising gradient	The rise rate of inverter active power per minute.	3%/min~6000%/min
Active power setting persistence	Switch for enabling/disabling the function of saving output limited power.	Enable/Disable
Active power limit	The switch for limiting output power.	Enable/Disable
Active power limit ratio	The ratio of limiting output power to rated power in percentage.	0%~100%
Shutdown when active power limit to 0%	Switch used to determine whether the inverter is in stop state when the limited power reaches 0.	Enable/Disable

Table 7-7 Reactive power regulation

Parameter	Definition/Setting description	Range
Reactive power generation at night	Switch for enabling/disabling night SVG function.	Enable/Disable
Reactive power ratio at night	Reactive power ratio set for the night SVG function.	-100%~0%/ 0%~100%
Reactive power setting persistence	Switch for enabling/disabling the power-off function during reactive power.	Enable/Disable
Reactive power regulation mode	_	Off/PF/Qt/Q(P)/Q(U)
Reactive power regulation	Switch for enabling/disabling reactive response function.	Enable/Disable
Reactive power regulation time	Ends time of reactive response.	0.1s~600.0s
Q(P)Curve	_	Curve A/Curve B/Curve C*

Parameter	Definition/Setting description	Range
QP_P1	_	10.0%~100.0%
QP_P2	_	20.0%~100.0%
QP_P3	_	20.0%~100.0%
QP_K1	_	Curve A/Curve C:0.800~1.000 Curve B: [-0.600~0.600]*- Active Overload Rate/1000
QP_K2	_	Curve A/Curve C: 0.800~1.000 Curve B: [-0.600~0.600]*- Active Overload Rate/1000
QP_K3	_	Curve A/Curve C: 0.800~1.000 Curve B: [-0.600~0.600]*- Active Overload Rate/1000
QP_EnterVoltage	_	100.0%~110.0%
QP_ExitVoltage	_	90.0%~100.0%
QP_EXitPower	_	1.0%-20.0%
QP_EnableMode	_	Yes/No
Q(U)Curve	Selection of Q(U) curve.	Curve A/Curve B/Curve C*
QU_V1	Pre-set grid voltage U1 that is reactive according to the grid voltage	80.0%~100.0%
QU_Q1	Pre-set proportion of reactive power according to the grid voltage U1	[-60.0%-0]* Overload Rate/1000
QU_V2	Pre-set grid voltage U2 that is reactive according to the grid voltage.	80.0%~100.0%
QU_Q2	Pre-set proportion of reactive power according to the grid voltage U2.	[-60.0%-60.0%]* Overload Rate/1000

Parameter	Definition/Setting description	Range
QU_V3	Pre-set grid voltage U3 that is reactive according to the grid voltage.	100.0%~120.0%
QU_Q3	Pre-set proportion of reactive power according to the grid voltage U3.	[-60.0%-60.0%]* Overload Rate/1000
QU_V4	Pre-set grid voltage U4 that is reactive according to the grid voltage.	100.0%~120.0%
QU_Q4	Pre-set proportion of reactive power according to the grid voltage U4.	[0-60.0%]* Overload Rate/ 1000
QU_EnterPower	Pre-set active power point enabled by the Q(U) function.	20.0%~100.0%
QU_EXitPower	Pre-set active power point disabled by the Q (U) function.	1.0%~20.0%
QU_EnableMode	Pre-set unconditional entry and exit Q (U) function.	Yes/No/Yes,Limited by PF
QU_Limited PF Value	_	0-0.95

^{**}Curve C is reserved and consistent with Curve A currently.

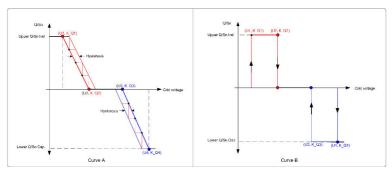


Figure 7-19 Q(U) Curve

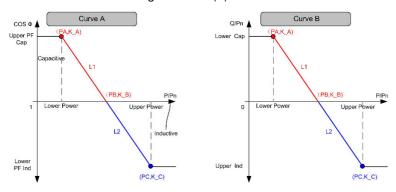


Figure 7-20 Q(P) Curve

· Communication Parameters

Tap"Communication Parameters" to enter Communication Parameters screen on which the user can set the deivice address of inverter, as shown in the following Figure.

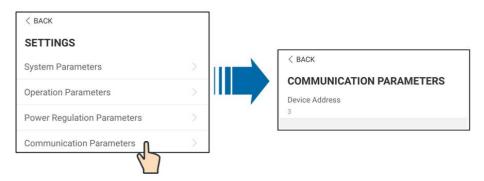


Figure 7-21 Communication Parameters

M WARNING

Inappropriate parameter settings may cause inverter exception. Only professional personnel can set the foregoing parameters.

7.8.2 Firmware Update

Preparation of firmware update package

Contact the supplier or Sungrow to get the update package (.zip file) and store the package in the specified path.

- Path (Android system): root directory /iscFiles
- Storage method (iOS system): Connect the mobile phone to the computer through a data cable, find the folder iSolarCloud application via iTunes, iMazing, or iTools, and copy the update package to the folder "Document/update".

Upgrade

Tap Firmware update to enter the firmware upgrade screen, as shown in the following Figure.



Figure 7-22 Firmware Update

Select the desired update package to update the firmware.

M WARNING

Software update may cause inverter exception. Only professional personnel can update the software.

7.8.3 Password Changing

Tap " Modify Password" to enter the modify password screen, as shown in the following figure.



Figure 7-23 Change password

The password shall consisit of 8 – 20 digits, including letters and numbers.

8 System Decommissioning

8.1 Disconnecting the Inverter

For maintenance or other service work, the inverter must be switched off.

Proceed as follows to disconnect the inverter from the AC and DC power sources. Lethal voltages or damage to the inverter will follow if otherwise.

- Step 1 Disconnect the external AC circuit breaker and secure it against reconnection.
- **Step 2** Rotate the DC switches to the "OFF" position for disconnecting all of the PV string inputs.
- Step 3 Wait about 5 minutes until the capacitors inside the inverter completely discharge.
- **Step 4** Ensure that the DC cable is current-free via a current clamp.
- **Step 5** Insert a PV terminal wrench into the notch and press the wrench with an appropriate force to remove the DC connector.
- **Step 6** Ensure that the AC wiring terminals are voltage-free via a multimeter, and remove the AC wires and communication wires.
- **Step 7** Install the PV terminal waterproof plugs.



For further disconnection and reconnection instructions, please visit the webpage of respective component manufacturer.

--End

8.2 Dismantling the Inverter

A CAUTION

Risk of burn injuries and electric shock!

- Do not touch any inner live parts until at least 5 minutes after disconnecting the inverter from the utility grid and the PV input.
- **Step 1** Refer to "5 Electrical Connection" for the inverter disconnection of all cables in reverse steps.
- **Step 2** Dismantle the inverter referring to "4 Mechanical Mounting"in reverse steps.
- Step 3 If necessary, remove the wall-mounting bracket from the wall.
- **Step 4** If the inverter will be reinstalled in the future, please refer to "3.4 Inverter Storage" for a proper conservation.



- - End

8.3 Disposal of the Inverter

Users take the responsibility for the disposal of the inverter.

NOTICE

Some parts and devices of the inverter, such as the capacitors, may cause environmental pollution.

Do not dispose of the product together with household waste but in accordance with the disposal regulations for electronic waste applicable at the installation site.



9 Troubleshooting and Maintenance

9.1 Troubleshooting

Once a fault occurs in the inverter, the fault information can be displayed on the App interface.

Fault codes and check methods are as follows:

Fault code	Description	Check method
002	Grid overvoltage, The grid voltage is higher than the set protection value	Generally, the inverter will be reconnected to the grid after the grid returns to normal. If the fault occurs repeatedly: 1. Measure the actual grid voltage, and contact the local electric power company for solutions if the grid voltage is higher than the set value. 2. Check whether the protection parameters are appropriately set via the App or the LCD. 3. Check whether the cross-sectional area of the AC cable meets the requirement. 4. If the fault is not caused by the foregoing reasons and still exists, contact SUNGROW.
003	Grid transient overvoltage, The transient grid voltage is higher than the standard value.	Generally, the inverter will be reconnected to the grid after the grid returns to normal. If the fault occurs repeatedly, contact SUNGROW.

Fault code	Description	Check method
004	Grid undervoltage, The grid voltage is	Generally, the inverter will be reconnected to the grid after the grid returns to normal. If the fault occurs repeatedly: 1. Measure the actual grid voltage, and contact the local electric power company for solutions if the grid voltage is lower than the set value.
	lower than the set protection value	2. Check whether the protection parameters are appropriately set via the App or the LCD.3. Check whether the AC cable is firmly in place.
		If the fault is not caused by the foregoing reasons and still exists, contact SUNGROW.
005	Grid low voltage, The grid voltage is lower than the set protection value	Generally, the inverter will be reconnected to the grid after the grid returns to normal. If the fault occurs repeatedly: 1. Measure the actual grid voltage, and contact the local electric power company for solutions if the grid voltage is lower than the set value. 2. Check whether the protection parameters are appropriately set via the App or the LCD. 3. Check whether the AC cable is firmly in place. 4. If the fault is not caused by the foregoing reasons and still exists, contact SUNGROW.
007	AC instantaneous overcurrent, AC output current exceeds the upper limit of the inverter.	Generally, the inverter will be reconnected to the grid after the grid returns to normal. If the fault occurs repeatedly, contact SUNGROW.



Fault code	Description	Check method
008	Grid overfrequency, Grid frequency exceeds the upper limit	Generally, the inverter will be reconnected to the grid after the grid returns to normal. If the fault occurs repeatedly:
009	of the inverter. Grid underfrequency, Grid frequency is lower than the lower limit of the inverter.	 Measure the actual grid frequency, and contact the local electric power company for solutions if the grid frequency is beyond the set range. Check whether the protection parameters are appropriately set via the App or the LCD. If the fault is not caused by the foregoing reasons and still exists, contact SUNGROW.
010	Grid power outage, AC switch or circuit is disconnected.	Generally, the inverter will be reconnected to the grid after the grid returns to normal. If the fault occurs repeatedly: 1. Check whether the grid supplies power reliably. 2. Check whether the AC cable is firmly in place. 3. Check whether the AC cable is connected to the correct terminal (whether the live wire and the N wire are correctly in place). 4. Check whether the AC circuit breaker is connected. 5. If the fault is not caused by the foregoing reasons and still exists, contact SUNGROW.
011	Device anomaly	Wait for the inverter to return to normal. Disconnect the AC and DC switches, and reconnect the AC and DC switches 15 minutes later to restart the inverter. If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.

Fault code	Description	Check method
012	Excessive leakage current	 The fault can be caused by poor sunlight or damp environment, and the inverter will be reconnected to the grid after the environment is improved. If the environment is normal, check whether the AC and DC cables are well insulated. If the fault is not caused by the foregoing reasons and still exists, contact SUNGROW.
013	Grid abnormal, the grid voltage or frequency is out of the permissible range, and the inverter cannot be connected to the grid normally.	Generally, the inverter will be reconnected to the grid after the grid returns to normal. If the fault occurs repeatedly: 1. Measure the actual grid frequency, and contact the local electric power company for solutions if the grid parameter exceeds the set value. 2. If the fault is not caused by the foregoing reasons and still exists, contact SUNGROW.
014	10-minute grid overvoltage, the grid voltage exceeds the preset AC voltage of the inverter for a long time.	Wait for the inverter to return to normal. If the fault occurs repeatedly, contact SUNGROW.
015	Grid overvoltage, The grid voltage is higher than the set protection value	Generally, the inverter will be reconnected to the grid after the grid returns to normal. If the fault occurs repeatedly: 1. Measure the actual grid voltage, and contact the local electric power company for solutions if the grid voltage is higher than the set value. 2. Check whether the protection parameters are appropriately set via the App or the LCD. 3. Check whether the cross-sectional area of the AC cable meets the requirement. 4. If the fault is not caused by the foregoing reasons and still exists, contact SUNGROW.



Fault code	Description	Check method
016	Output overload, The configured module power is excessively large and out of the normal operation range of the inverter.	Wait for the inverter to return to normal. If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.
017	Grid voltage unbalance, the inverter detects unbalanced three- phase grid voltage	Generally, the inverter will be reconnected to the grid after the grid returns to normal. If the fault occurs repeatedly: 1. Measure the actual grid voltage. If grid phase voltages differ greatly, contact the power company for solutions. 2. If the voltage difference between the three phases is within the permissible range of the local power company, modify the grid voltage imbalance parameter through the App or LCD screen. 3. If the fault is not caused by the foregoing reasons and still exists, contact SUNGROW.
019-020	Device anomaly	Wait for the inverter to return to normal. Disconnect the AC and DC switches, and reconnect the AC and DC switches 15 minutes later to restart the inverter. If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.
021-022	Device anomaly	Wait for the inverter to return to normal. Disconnect the AC and DC switches, and reconnect the AC and DC switches 15 minutes later to restart the inverter. If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.
024-025 030-034	Device anomaly	Wait for the inverter to return to normal. Disconnect the AC and DC switches, and reconnect the AC and DC switches 15 minutes later to restart the inverter. If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.



Fault code	Description	Check method
		1. Check whether the inverter is directly
	Temperature anomaly,	exposed to sunlight. If so, take some
	The temperature of the	shading measures.
036	power module is	2. Check and clean the air ducts.
	excessively high and	3. Check whether there is 070 (fan
	out of the safe range.	anomaly) alarm via the App or the LCD. If so,
		replace the fans.
		1. Check whether the inverter is directly
	Temperature anomaly,	exposed to sunlight. If so, take some
	The temperature of the	shading measures.
037	interior of the inverter is	2. Check and clean the air ducts.
	excessively high and	3. Check whether there is 070 (fan
	out of the safe range.	anomaly) alarm via the App or the LCD. If so,
		replace the fans.
	Device anomaly	Wait for the inverter to return to normal.
		Disconnect the AC and DC switches, and
038		reconnect the AC and DC switches 15
		minutes later to restart the inverter.
		If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.
		Wait for the inverter to return to normal. If
		the fault occurs repeatedly:
		1. Check whether the ISO resistance
		protection value is excessively high via the
	Low system insulation resistance, which is	App or the LCD, and ensure that it complies with the local regulations.
		· ·
030	generally caused by poor insulation to	Check the resistance to ground of the string and DC cable. Take correction
039	ground of the module/	measures in case of short circuit or
	cable or by rainy and damp environment.	damaged insulation layer.
		3. If the cable is normal and the fault occurs
	-	on rainy days, check it again when the
		weather turns fine.
		4. If the fault is not caused by the foregoing
		reasons and still exists, contact SUNGROW.



Fault code	Description	Check method
	Bookingtion	Wait for the inverter to return to normal.
040-042	Device anomaly	Disconnect the AC and DC switches, and reconnect the AC and DC switches 15 minutes later to restart the inverter. If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.
043	Low ambient temperature, the ambient temperature is lower than the temperature at which the inverter can operate normally.	Stop and disconnect the inverter. Restart the inverter when the ambient temperature falls within the operation temperature range.
044-046	Device anomaly	Wait for the inverter to return to normal. Disconnect the AC and DC switches, and reconnect the AC and DC switches 15 minutes later to restart the inverter. If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.
047	PV input configuration abnormal, PV input mode error	Stop and disconnect the inverter. Reset the input mode of the PV array.
048-050 053-056 059-060	Device anomaly	Wait for the inverter to return to normal. Disconnect the AC and DC switches, and reconnect the AC and DC switches 15 minutes later to restart the inverter. If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.
070	Fan alarm	 Check whether the fans operate normally and are blocked by sundries. If they are blocked, clear the sundries. If a fan does not operate normally, stop and disconnect the inverter to replace the fan.
071	AC-side SPD alarm	
072	DC-side SPD alarm	- Check the SPD, and replace it if necessary.
076	Device anomaly	Wait for the inverter to return to normal. Disconnect the AC and DC switches, and reconnect the AC and DC switches 15 minutes later to restart the inverter. If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.



Fault code	Description	Check method
		1. Check if the xth PV string needs to be
		connected.
		If not, ignore the alarm; and
		If so, check the connection status and make
		sure it is connected reliably.
078-081	PVx abnormal	2. Check if the xth DC fuse is damaged. If so,
		replace the fuse.
		3.If the fault is not caused by the foregoing
		reasons and still exists, contact SUNGROW.
		*The code 078 to code 081 are
		corresponding to PV 1 to PV 4 respectively.
		The inverter can operate normally.
		1. Check whether the related cable
	Electric arc detection module abnormal Electric arc fault	connection and terminals are abnormal, and
087		check whether the ambient environment is
		abnormal. If so, remove the corresponding
		abnormity.
		2. If the fault is not caused by the foregoing
		reasons and still exists, contact SUNGROW. 1. Disconnect the DC inputs and check
		whether DC cables are damaged, whether
		the wiring terminals or fuses are loose or in
		poor contact, and whether component parts
		are burnt. If so, take corresponding
		corrective measures.
088		2. After taking corresponding measures in
		step 1, reconnect the DC inputs. Remove
		the arc fault through the App or LCD screen
		so that the inverter will recover to be normal.
		3. If the fault is not caused by the foregoing
		reasons and still exists, contact SUNGROW.
089	Electric arc detection disabled	1. Enable the AFD function through the App
		or the LCD screen so that the inverter will
		recover to be normal.
		2. If the fault is not caused by the foregoing
		reasons and still exists, contact SUNGROW.



Fault code	Description	Check method
105	Protection self-check failure on grid side	Restart the inverter or clear the fault through the App.
		If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.
		Check whether the AC cable is correctly connected.
106	Grounding cable fault	2. Check whether the insulation between
100	drounding cable radit	the ground cable and the live wire is normal.
		3. If the fault is not caused by the foregoing
		reasons and still exists, contact SUNGROW.
		Wait for the inverter to return to normal.
		Disconnect the AC and DC switches, and
116-117	Device anomaly	reconnect the AC and DC switches 15
		minutes later to restart the inverter.
-		If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.
	PVx abnormal	1. Check if the xth PV string needs to be
		connected.
		If not, ignore the alarm; and
		If so, check the connection status and make
		sure it is connected reliably.
220~227		2. Check if the xth DC fuse is damaged. If so,
		replace the fuse.
		3.If the fault is not caused by the foregoing
		reasons and still exists, contact SUNGROW.
		*The code 220 to code 227 are
		corresponding to PV 5 to PV 12 respectively.
		1. Check whether the corresponding string
		is of reverse polarity. If so, disconnect the
		DC switch and adjust the polarity when the
		solar radiation is low and the string current
448~471	String x reverse	drops below 0.5A.
	connection fault	2. If the fault is not caused by the foregoing
		reasons and still exists, contact SUNGROW.
		*The code 448 to code 471 are
		corresponding to string 1 to string 24
		respectively.



Fault code	Description	Check method
532-547	String x reverse connection alarm	1. Check whether the corresponding string is of reverse polarity. If so, disconnect the DC switch and adjust the polarity when the solar radiation is low and the string current drops below 0.5A. 2. If the fault is not caused by the foregoing reasons and still exists, contact SUNGROW. *The code 532 to code 547 are corresponding to string 1 to string 16 respectively.
548-563	String x output current anomaly	 Check whether the corresponding module is sheltered. If so, remove the shelter and ensure module cleanness. Check the module for abnormal aging. If the fault is not caused by the foregoing reasons and still exists, contact SUNGROW. *The code 548 to code 563 are corresponding to string 1 to string 16 respectively.
564-571	String x reverse connection alarm	1. Check whether the corresponding string is of reverse polarity. If so, disconnect the DC switch and adjust the polarity when the solar radiation is low and the string current drops below 0.5A. 2. If the fault is not caused by the foregoing reasons and still exists, contact SUNGROW. *The code 564 to code 571 are corresponding to string 17 to string 24 respectively.
580-587	String x output current anomaly	 Check whether the corresponding module is sheltered. If so, remove the shelter and ensure module cleanness. Check the module for abnormal aging. If the fault is not caused by the foregoing reasons and still exists, contact SUNGROW. *The code 580 and 587 are corresponding to string 17 and string 24 respectively.



9.2 Maintenance

▲ DANGER

Risk of inverter damage or personal injury due to incorrect service!

 Always keep in mind that the inverter is powered by dual sources: PV strings and utility grid.

Before any service work, observe the following procedure.

- Disconnect the AC circuit breaker and then set the DC load-break switch of the inverter to OFF;
- · Wait at least 5 minutes for inner capacitors to discharge completely;
- Verify that there is no voltage or current before pulling any connector.

A CAUTION

Keep non-related persons away!

A temporary warning sign or barrier must be posted to keep non-related persons away while performing electrical connection and service work.

NOTICE

Restart the inverter only after removing the fault that impairs safety performance.

As the inverter contains no component parts that can be maintained, never arbitrarily replace any internal components.

For any maintenance need, please contact SUNGROW. Otherwise, SUNGROW shall not be held liable for any damage caused.

9.2.1 Routine Maintenance

Item	Method	Period
System clean	Check the temperature and dust of the inverter. Clean the inverter enclosure if necessary. Check if the air inlet and outlet are normal. Clean the air inlet and outlet, if necessary.	Six months to a year (-depend on the dust contents in air.)
	Check whether there is fan warning using App.	
Fans	Check whether there is any abnormal noise when the fan is turning. Once a year	
	Clean or replace the fans if necessary (see the following section).	
Cable entry	Check whether the cable entry is insufficiently sealed or the gap is excessively large, and reseal the entry when necessary.	Once a year
	Check whether all cable are firmly in place.	
Electrical Connection	Check whether a cable is damaged, especially the part contacting the metal enclosure.	Six months to a year

9.2.2 Maintenance Instruction

Cleaning Air Inlet and Outlet

A huge amount of heat is generated in the process of running the inverter. The inverter adopts a controlled forced-air cooling method.

In order to maintain good ventilation, please check to make sure the air inlet and outlet are not blocked.

Clean the air inlet and outlet with soft brush or vacuum cleaner if necessary.



Fan Maintenance

A DANGER

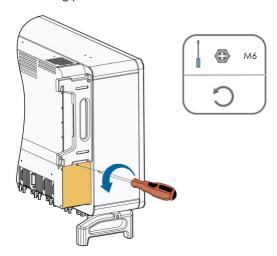
- Stop the inverter and disconnect it from all power supplies before maintenance.
- Lethal voltage still exists in the inverter. Please wait for at least 5 minutes and then perform maintenance work.
- · Only qualified electricians can maintain the fans.

Fans inside the inverter are used to cool the inverter during operation. If the fans do not operate normally, the inverter may not be cooled down and inverter efficiency may decrease. Therefore, it is necessary to clean the dirty fans and replace the broken fans in time.

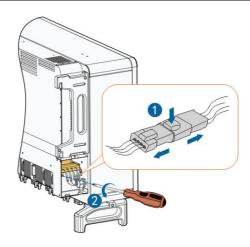
The operation procedure is as follows:

Step 1 Stop the inverter (see "8.1 Disconnecting the Inverter").

Step 2 Loosen the screw on the sealing plate of the fan module.



Step 3 Press the hump of the latch hook, unplug the cable connection joint outwards, and loosen the screw on the fan holder.



Step 4 Pull out the fan module, clean the fans with soft brush or vacuum cleaner, and replace them when necessary.



Step 5 Follow the steps above to remove the fan on the other side of the inverter.

Step 6 Reinstall the fan back to the inverter in reverse order and restart the inverter.

- - End

10 Appendix

10.1 Technical Data

Parameters	SG250HX	
Input (DC)		
Max. PV input voltage	1500V	
Min.PV input voltage/Startup	0001//0001/	
input voltage	600V / 600V	
Nominal input voltage	1160V	
MPP voltage range	600~1500V	
MPP voltage range for nominal	000 4000/	
power	860~1300V	
No. of independent MPP inputs	12	
Max. number of PV strings per	2	
MPPT	2	
Max. PV input current	26 A * 12	
Max. current for input	30A	
connector	30A	
Max.DC Short-circuit current	50 A * 12	
Max. inverter backfeed current	OA	
to the array		
Output (AC)		
AC output power	250 kVA @ 30 $^{\circ}$ C / 225 kVA @ 40 $^{\circ}$ C/200 KVA	
	@50°C	
Max. AC output current	180.5 A	
Nominal AC voltage	3 / PE, 800 V	
AC voltage range	680 - 880V	
Nominal grid frequency/Grid	50Hz / 45~55Hz,60Hz / 55~65Hz	
frequency range	301127 43 33112, 001127 33 403112	
Total harmonic distortion (THD)	< 3 % (at nominal power)	
DC current injection	<0.5%ln	
Power factor	>0.99	
Adjustable power factor	0.8 leading - 0.8 lagging	
Feed-in phases / Connection	2/2	
phases	3/3	

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Parameters	SG250HX	
Efficiency		
Max. efficiency / European	99.0% / 98.8%	
efficiency	99.0% / 98.8%	
Protection		
DC reverse connection	Yes	
protection		
AC short-circuit protection	Yes	
Leakage current protection	Yes	
Grid monitoring	Yes	
Ground fault monitoring	Yes	
DC switch / AC switch	Yes / No	
PV string current monitoring	Yes	
Q at night	Yes	
An-ti PID and PID recovery	Yes	
function	163	
Overvoltage protection	DC Type II / AC Type II	
General Data		
Dimensions (W*H*D)	1051*660*363 mm	
Weight	99kg	
Isolation method	Transformerless	
Degree of protection	IP66	
Night power consumption	< 2 W	
Operating ambient	-30 to 60 °C	
temperature range	30 10 00 C	
Allowable relative humidity	0 - 100%	
range (non-condensing)	0 10070	
Cooling method	Smart forced air cooling	
Max. operating altitude	5000 m (> 4000 m derating)	
Display	LED, Bluetooth+APP	
Communication	RS485 / PLC	
DC connection type	MC4-Evo2 (Max. 6 mm², optional 10mm²)	
AC connection type	OT/DT terminal (Max. 300 mm²)	
Grid Support	Q at night function, LVRT, HVRT, active & reactive	
Grid Support	power control and power ramp rate control	

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10.2 Wring Distance of DI Dry Contact

The maximum wiring distance of DC dry contact must meet the requirements in the table below. The wiring distance L is the total length of all DI signal cables.

$$L = \sum_{k=1}^{n} L_k$$

 L_K refers to the cable length between the DI dry contact terminal of the k^{th} inverter and the corresponding terminal of the $(k-1)^{th}$ inverter.

Table 10-1 Correspondence between number of inverters and maximum wiring distance

Number of Maximum wiring distance(unit:		distance(unit:m)
inverter	16AWG / 1.31mm ²	17AWG / 1.026mm ²
1	13030	10552
2	6515	5276
3	4343	3517
4	3258	2638
5	2606	2110
6	2172	1759
7	1861	1507
8	1629	1319
9	1448	1172
10	1303	1055
11	1185	959
12	1086	879
13	1002	812
14	931	754
15	869	703
16	814	660
17	766	621
18	724	586
19	686	555
20	652	528
21	620	502
22	592	480

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Number of	Maximum wiring distance(unit:m)	
inverter	16AWG / 1.31mm ²	17AWG / 1.026mm ²
23	567	459
24	543	440
25	521	422

NOTICE

In case the specification of the cable used is not included in the table above, when there is only one inverter, ensure that the line impedance of the input node is less than 300Ω ; and when there are multiple inverters connected in the daisy chain, ensure that the impedance is less than $300\Omega/number$ of inverter.

10.3 Quality Assurance

When product faults occur during the warranty period, SUNGROW will provide free service or replace the product with a new one.

Evidence

During the warranty period, the customer shall provide the product purchase invoice and date. In addition, the trademark on the product shall be undamaged and legible. Otherwise, SUNGROW has the right to refuse to honor the quality guarantee.

Conditions

- After replacement, unqualified products shall be processed by SUNGROW.
- The customer shall give SUNGROW a reasonable period to repair the faulty device.

Exclusion of Liability

In the following circumstances, SUNGROW has the right to refuse to honor the quality guarantee:

- The free warranty period for the whole machine/components has expired.
- The device is damaged during transport.
- The device is incorrectly installed, refitted, or used.
- The device operates in harsh environment, as described in this manual.
- The fault or damage is caused by installation, repairs, modification, or disassembly performed by a service provider or personnel not from SUNGROW.
- The fault or damage is caused by the use of non-standard or non-SUNGROW components or software.
- The installation and use range are beyond stipulations of relevant international standards.

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• The damage is caused by unexpected natural factors.

For faulty products in any of above cases, if the customer requests maintenance, paid maintenance service may be provided based on the judgment of SUNGROW.

10.4 Contact Information

Should you have any question about this product, please contact us. We need the following information to provide you the best assistance:

- · Type of the device
- · Serial number of the device
- · Fault code/name
- Brief description of the problem

China (HQ)	Australia
Sungrow Power Supply Co., Ltd	Sungrow Australia Group Pty. Ltd.
Hefei	Sydney
+86 551 65327834	+61 2 9922 1522
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service@sungrow-emea.com	
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Sungrow (India) Private Limited	Sungrow Italy
Gurgaon	Verona
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